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SQL Language Quick Reference
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Preface

This quick reference contains a high-level description of the Structured Query Language (SQL) used to manage information in an Oracle database. Oracle SQL is a superset of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and the International Standards Organization (ISO) standard.

This Preface contains these topics:

- [Audience](#)
- [Documentation Accessibility](#)
- [Related Documents](#)
- [Conventions](#)

Audience

SQL Language Quick Reference is intended for all users of Oracle SQL.

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Related Documents

For more information, see these Oracle resources:

- *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference*
- *Oracle Database PL/SQL Language Reference*
- *SQL*Plus User's Guide and Reference*

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
<i>italic</i>	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

SQL Statements

This chapter presents the syntax for Oracle SQL statements.

This chapter includes the following section:

- [Syntax for SQL Statements](#)

Syntax for SQL Statements

SQL statements are the means by which programs and users access data in an Oracle database.

The sections that follow show each SQL statement and its related syntax. Refer to [Chapter 5, "Subclauses"](#) for the syntax of the subclauses listed in the syntax for the statements.

See Also: *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference* for detailed information about Oracle SQL

ALTER CLUSTER

```
ALTER CLUSTER [ schema. ]cluster
  { physical_attributes_clause
  | SIZE size_clause
  | allocate_extent_clause
  | deallocate_unused_clause
  | { CACHE | NOCACHE }
  } ...
  [ parallel_clause ] ;
```

ALTER DATABASE

```
ALTER DATABASE [ database ]
  { startup_clauses
  | recovery_clauses
  | database_file_clauses
  | logfile_clauses
  | controlfile_clauses
  | standby_database_clauses
  | default_settings_clauses
  | instance_clauses
  | security_clause
  } ;
```

ALTER DIMENSION

```
ALTER DIMENSION [ schema. ] dimension
  { ADD { level_clause
        | hierarchy_clause
        | attribute_clause }
```

```
| extended_attribute_clause  
}  
}  
} ...  
|  
{ DROP { LEVEL level [ RESTRICT | CASCADE ]  
| HIERARCHY hierarchy  
| ATTRIBUTE attribute [ LEVEL level [ COLUMN column ] ]...  
}  
}  
} ...  
|  
COMPILE  
;
```

ALTER DISKGROUP

```
ALTER DISKGROUP  
{ { diskgroup_name  
{ { add_disk_clause | drop_disk_clause }  
[, { add_disk_clause | drop_disk_clause } ]...  
| resize_disk_clauses  
} [ rebalance_diskgroup_clause ]  
| { disk_online_clause  
| disk_offline_clause  
| rebalance_diskgroup_clause  
| check_diskgroup_clause  
| diskgroup_template_clauses  
| diskgroup_directory_clauses  
| diskgroup_alias_clauses  
| diskgroup_attributes  
| drop_diskgroup_file_clause  
}  
| { diskgroup_name [, diskgroup_name ] ...  
| ALL  
} { undrop_disk_clause  
| diskgroup_availability  
}  
}
```

ALTER FLASHBACK ARCHIVE

```
ALTER FLASHBACK ARCHIVE flashback_archive  
{ SET DEFAULT  
| { ADD | MODIFY } TABLESPACE tablespace [flashback_archive_quota]  
| REMOVE TABLESPACE tablespace_name  
| MODIFY RETENTION flashback_archive_retention  
| PURGE { ALL  
| BEFORE { SCN expr | TIMESTAMP expr}  
}  
};
```

ALTER FUNCTION

```
ALTER FUNCTION [ schema. ] function function_compile_clause;
```

ALTER INDEX

```
ALTER INDEX [ schema. ]index  
{ { deallocate_unused_clause  
| allocate_extent_clause  
| shrink_clause  
| parallel_clause  
| physical_attributes_clause  
| logging_clause  
} ...  
| rebuild_clause  
| PARAMETERS ( 'ODCI_parameters' )
```

```

        )
| COMPILE
| { ENABLE | DISABLE }
| UNUSABLE
| VISIBLE | INVISIBLE
| RENAME TO new_name
| COALESCE
| { MONITORING | NOMONITORING } USAGE
| UPDATE BLOCK REFERENCES
| alter_index_partitioning
}
;
;
```

ALTER INDEXTYPE

```

ALTER INDEXTYPE [ schema. ] indextype
{ { { ADD | DROP } [ schema. ] operator ( parameter_types ) } ...
[ using_type_clause ]
| COMPILE
} [ WITH LOCAL RANGE PARTITION ] [ storage_table_clause ]
;
```

ALTER JAVA

```

ALTER JAVA
{ SOURCE | CLASS } [ schema. ] object_name
[ RESOLVER
( ( match_string [, ] { schema_name | - } )... )
]
{ { COMPILE | RESOLVE }
| invoker_rights_clause
} ;
```

ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW

```

ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW
[ schema. ] materialized_view
[ physical_attributes_clause
| table_compression
| LOB_storage_clause [, LOB_storage_clause ]...
| modify_LOB_storage_clause [, modify_LOB_storage_clause ]...
| alter_table_partitioning
| parallel_clause
| logging_clause
| allocate_extent_clause
| shrink_clause
| { CACHE | NOCACHE }
]
[ alter_iot_clauses ]
[ USING INDEX physical_attributes_clause ]
[ MODIFY scoped_table_ref_constraint
| alter_mv_refresh
]
[ { ENABLE | DISABLE } QUERY REWRITE
| COMPILE
| CONSIDER FRESH
] ;
```

ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG

```

ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG [ FORCE ]
ON [ schema. ]table
[ physical_attributes_clause
| alter_table_partitioning
```

```
| parallel_clause
| logging_clause
| allocate_extent_clause
| shrink_clause
| { CACHE | NOCACHE }
]
[ ADD
  { { OBJECT ID
    | PRIMARY KEY
    | ROWID
    | SEQUENCE
    } [ (column [, column ]...) ]
  | (column [, column ]... )
} [, { { OBJECT ID
    | PRIMARY KEY
    | ROWID
    | SEQUENCE
    }
  [ (column [, column ]...)
  | (column [, column ]...)
}
]
]...
[ new_values_clause
] ;
```

ALTER OPERATOR

```
ALTER OPERATOR [ schema. ] operator
{ add_binding_clause
| drop_binding_clause
| COMPILE
} ;
```

ALTER OUTLINE

```
ALTER OUTLINE [ PUBLIC | PRIVATE ] outline
{ REBUILD
| RENAME TO new_outline_name
| CHANGE CATEGORY TO new_category_name
| { ENABLE | DISABLE }
} ...
;
```

ALTER PACKAGE

```
ALTER PACKAGE [ schema. ] package package_compile_clause;
```

ALTER PROCEDURE

```
ALTER PROCEDURE [ schema. ] procedure procedure_compile_clause;
```

ALTER PROFILE

```
ALTER PROFILE profile LIMIT
{ resource_parameters | password_parameters } ...
;
```

ALTER RESOURCE COST

```
ALTER RESOURCE COST
{ { CPU_PER_SESSION
  | CONNECT_TIME
  | LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION
  | PRIVATE_SGA
  } integer
} ...
;
```

ALTER ROLE

```
ALTER ROLE role
  { NOT IDENTIFIED
  | IDENTIFIED
    { BY password
    | USING [ schema. ] package
    | EXTERNALLY
    | GLOBALLY
    }
  }
} ;
```

ALTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT

```
ALTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment
  { ONLINE
  | OFFLINE
  | storage_clause
  | SHRINK [ TO size_clause ]
} ;
```

ALTER SEQUENCE

```
ALTER SEQUENCE [ schema. ] sequence
  { INCREMENT BY integer
  | { MAXVALUE integer | NOMAXVALUE }
  | { MINVALUE integer | NOMINVALUE }
  | { CYCLE | NOCYCLE }
  | { CACHE integer | NOCACHE }
  | { ORDER | NOORDER }
  } ...
;
```

ALTER SESSION

```
ALTER SESSION
  { ADVISE { COMMIT | ROLLBACK | NOTHING }
  | CLOSE DATABASE LINK dblink
  | { ENABLE | DISABLE } COMMIT IN PROCEDURE
  | { ENABLE | DISABLE } GUARD
  | { ENABLE | DISABLE | FORCE } PARALLEL
    { DML | DDL | QUERY } [ PARALLEL integer ]
  | { ENABLE RESUMABLE [ TIMEOUT integer ] [ NAME string ]
  | DISABLE RESUMABLE
  }
  | alter_session_set_clause
} ;
```

ALTER SYSTEM

```
ALTER SYSTEM
  { archive_log_clause
  | checkpoint_clause
  | check_datafiles_clause
  | distributed_recov_clauses
  | FLUSH { SHARED_POOL | BUFFER_CACHE }
  | end_session_clauses
  | SWITCH LOGFILE
  | { SUSPEND | RESUME }
  | quiesce_clauses
  | rolling_migration_clauses
  | alter_system_security_clauses
  | shutdown_dispatcher_clause
  | REGISTER
  | SET alter_system_set_clause
    [ alter_system_set_clause ]...
```

```
| RESET alter_system_reset_clause  
|     [ alter_system_reset_clause ]...  
} ;
```

ALTER TABLE

```
ALTER TABLE [ schema. ] table  
[ alter_table_properties  
| column_clauses  
| constraint_clauses  
| alter_table_partitioning  
| alter_external_table_clauses  
| move_table_clause  
]  
[ enable_disable_clause  
| { ENABLE | DISABLE } { TABLE LOCK | ALL TRIGGERS }  
] ...  
;
```

ALTER TABLESPACE

```
ALTER TABLESPACE tablespace  
{ DEFAULT [ table_compression ] storage_clause  
| MINIMUM EXTENT size_clause  
| RESIZE size_clause  
| COALESCE  
| SHRINK SPACE [ KEEP size_clause]  
| RENAME TO new_tablespace_name  
| { BEGIN | END } BACKUP  
| datafile_tempfile_clauses  
| tablespace_logging_clauses  
| tablespace_group_clause  
| tablespace_state_clauses  
| autoextend_clause  
| flashback_mode_clause  
| tablespace_retention_clause  
} ;
```

ALTER TRIGGER

```
ALTER TRIGGER [ schema. ] trigger  
{ ENABLE  
| DISABLE  
| RENAME TO new_name  
| trigger_compile_clause  
} ;
```

ALTER TYPE

```
ALTER TYPE [ schema. ]type alter_type_clauses;
```

ALTER USER

```
ALTER USER  
{ user  
| IDENTIFIED  
| { BY password [ REPLACE old_password ]  
| EXTERNALLY [ AS 'certificate_DN' ]  
| GLOBALLY [ AS '[directory_DN]' ]  
}  
| DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace  
| TEMPORARY TABLESPACE { tablespace | tablespace_group_name }  
| { QUOTA { size_clause  
| UNLIMITED
```

```

        } ON tablespace
    } ...
| PROFILE profile
| DEFAULT ROLE { role [, role ]...
|     | ALL [ EXCEPT role [, role ] ... ]
|     | NONE
}
| PASSWORD EXPIRE
| ACCOUNT { LOCK | UNLOCK }
} ...
| user [, user ]... proxy_clause
} ;

```

ALTER VIEW

```

ALTER VIEW [ schema. ] view
{ ADD out_of_line_constraint
| MODIFY CONSTRAINT constraint
{ RELY | NORELY }
| DROP { CONSTRAINT constraint
| PRIMARY KEY
| UNIQUE (column [, column ]...)
}
| COMPILE
} ;

```

ANALYZE

```

ANALYZE
{ { TABLE [ schema. ] table
| INDEX [ schema. ] index
} [ partition_extension_clause ]
| CLUSTER [ schema. ] cluster
}
{ validation_clauses
| LIST CHAINED ROWS [ into_clause ]
| DELETE [ SYSTEM ] STATISTICS
} ;

```

ASSOCIATE STATISTICS

```

ASSOCIATE STATISTICS WITH
{ column_association | function_association }
[ storage_table_clause ] ;

```

AUDIT

```

AUDIT
{ audit_operation_clause
| audit_schema_object_clause
| NETWORK
} [ BY { SESSION | ACCESS } ]
[ WHENEVER [ NOT ] SUCCESSFUL ]
;

```

CALL

```

CALL
{ routine_clause
| object_access_expression
}
[ INTO :host_variable
[ [ INDICATOR ] :indicator_variable ] ] ;

```

COMMENT

```
COMMENT ON
  { TABLE [ schema. ] { table | view }
  | COLUMN [ schema. ]
    { table. | view. | materialized_view. } column
  | OPERATOR [ schema. ] operator
  | INDEXTYPE [ schema. ] indextype
  | MATERIALIZED VIEW materialized_view
  | MINING MODEL [ schema. ] model
  }
IS string ;
```

COMMIT

```
COMMIT [ WORK ]
  [ [ COMMENT string ]
  | [ WRITE [ WAIT | NOWAIT ] [ IMMEDIATE | BATCH ]
  ]
  | FORCE { string [, integer ]
    | CORRUPT_XID string
    | CORRUPT_XID_ALL
  }
  ]
; ;
```

CREATE CLUSTER

```
CREATE CLUSTER [ schema. ] cluster
  (column datatype [ SORT ]
  [, column datatype [ SORT ] ]...
  )
  [ { physical_attributes_clause
    | SIZE size_clause
    | TABLESPACE tablespace
    | { INDEX
      | [ SINGLE TABLE ]
        HASHKEYS integer [ HASH IS expr ]
      }
    }
  ]...
  [ parallel_clause ]
  [ NOROWDEPENDENCIES | ROWDEPENDENCIES ]
  [ CACHE | NOCACHE ] ;
```

CREATE CONTEXT

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] CONTEXT namespace
  USING [ schema. ] package
  [ INITIALIZED { EXTERNALLY | GLOBALLY }
  | ACCESSED GLOBALLY
  ] ;
```

CREATE CONTROLFILE

```
CREATE CONTROLFILE
  [ REUSE ] [ SET ] DATABASE database
  [ logfile_clause ]
  { RESETLOGS | NORESETLOGS }
  [ DATAFILE file_specification
    [, file_specification ]... ]
  [ MAXLOGFILES integer
  | MAXLOGMEMBERS integer
  | MAXLOGHISTORY integer
  | MAXDATAFILES integer
  | MAXINSTANCES integer
  | { ARCHIVELOG | NOARCHIVELOG }
```

```

| FORCE LOGGING
| ...
[ character_set_clause ] ;

```

CREATE DATABASE

```

CREATE DATABASE [ database ]
  { USER SYS IDENTIFIED BY password
  | USER SYSTEM IDENTIFIED BY password
  | CONTROLFILE REUSE
  | MAXDATAFILES integer
  | MAXINSTANCES integer
  | CHARACTER SET charset
  | NATIONAL CHARACTER SET charset
  | SET DEFAULT
    { BIGFILE | SMALLFILE } TABLESPACE
  | database_logging_clauses
  | tablespace_clauses
  | set_time_zone_clause
}... ;

```

CREATE DATABASE LINK

```

CREATE [ SHARED ] [ PUBLIC ] DATABASE LINK dblink
  [ CONNECT TO
    { CURRENT_USER
    | user IDENTIFIED BY password [ dblink_authentication ]
    }
  | dblink_authentication
]...
[ USING connect_string ] ;

```

CREATE DIMENSION

```

CREATE DIMENSION [ schema. ] dimension
  level_clause ...
  { hierarchy_clause
  | attribute_clause
  | extended_attribute_clause
}...
;

```

CREATE DIRECTORY

```

CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] DIRECTORY directory
  AS 'path_name' ;

```

CREATE DISKGROUP

```

CREATE DISKGROUP diskgroup_name
  [ { HIGH | NORMAL | EXTERNAL } REDUNDANCY ]
  { [ FAILGROUP failgroup_name ]
  DISK qualified_disk_clause [, qualified_disk_clause]...
  } ...
  [ ATTRIBUTE { 'attribute_name' = 'attribute_value' }... ]
;

```

CREATE FLASHBACK ARCHIVE

```

CREATE FLASHBACK ARCHIVE [DEFAULT] flashback_archive
  TABLESPACE tablespace
  [flashback_archive_quota] flashback_archive_retention
;

```

CREATE FUNCTION

```

CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] FUNCTION plsql_source

```

CREATE INDEX

```
CREATE [ UNIQUE | BITMAP ] INDEX [ schema. ] index
  ON { cluster_index_clause
    | table_index_clause
    | bitmap_join_index_clause
  }
  [ UNUSABLE ] ;
```

CREATE INDEXTYPE

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] INDEXTYPE [ schema. ] indextype
  FOR [ schema. ] operator (paramater_type [, paramater_type]...)
    [, [ schema. ] operator (paramater_type [, paramater_type]...)
  ]
  using_type_clause
  [WITH LOCAL RANGE PARTITION ]
  [ storage_table_clause ]
;
```

CREATE JAVA

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] [ AND { RESOLVE | COMPILE } ] [ NOFORCE ]
  JAVA { { SOURCE | RESOURCE } NAMED [ schema. ] primary_name
    | CLASS [ SCHEMA schema ]
  }
  [ invoker_rights_clause ]
  [ RESOLVER ( match_string [,] { schema_name | - })... ]
  { USING { BFILE (directory_object_name, server_file_name)
    | { CLOB | BLOB | BFILE } subquery
    | 'key_for_BLOB'
  }
  | AS source_char
}
```

CREATE LIBRARY

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] LIBRARY [ schema. ] libname
  { IS | AS } 'filename' [ AGENT 'agent_dblink' ] ;
```

CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW

```
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW [ schema. ] materialized_view
  [ column_alias [, column_alias]... ]
  [ OF [ schema. ] object_type ]
  [ (scoped_table_ref_constraint) ]
  { ON PREBUILT TABLE
    [ { WITH | WITHOUT } REDUCED PRECISION ]
    | physical_properties materialized_view_props
  }
  [ USING INDEX
    [ physical_attributes_clause
    | TABLESPACE tablespace
  ]...
  | USING NO INDEX
  ]
  [ create_mv_refresh ]
  [ FOR UPDATE ]
  [ { DISABLE | ENABLE } QUERY REWRITE ]
AS subquery ;
```

CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG

```
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG ON [ schema. ] table
  [ physical_attributes_clause
```

```

| TABLESPACE tablespace
| logging_clause
| { CACHE | NOCACHE }
]...
[ parallel_clause ]
[ table_partitioning_clauses ]
[ WITH { OBJECT ID
        | PRIMARY KEY
        | ROWID
        | SEQUENCE
        | (column [, column ]...)
      }
      [, { OBJECT ID
            | PRIMARY KEY
            | ROWID
            | SEQUENCE
            | (column [, column ]...)
          }
      ]
    ]...
[ new_values_clause ]
] ;

```

CREATE OPERATOR

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] OPERATOR
[ schema. ] operator binding_clause ;
```

CREATE OUTLINE

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ]
[ PUBLIC | PRIVATE ] OUTLINE [ outline ]
[ FROM [ PUBLIC | PRIVATE ] source_outline ]
[ FOR CATEGORY category ]
[ ON statement ] ;
```

CREATE PACKAGE

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] PACKAGE plsql_source
```

CREATE PACKAGE BODY

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] PACKAGE BODY plsql_source
```

CREATE PFILE

```
CREATE PFILE [= 'pfile_name' ]
  FROM { SPFILE [= 'spfile_name' ]
         | MEMORY
} ;
```

CREATE PROCEDURE

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] PROCEDURE plsql_source;
```

CREATE PROFILE

```
CREATE PROFILE profile
  LIMIT { resource_parameters
         | password_parameters
}...
;
```

CREATE RESTORE POINT

```
CREATE RESTORE POINT restore_point
```

```
[ AS OF {TIMESTAMP | SCN} expr ]
[ PRESERVE
| GUARANTEE FLASHBACK DATABASE
];
```

CREATE ROLE

```
CREATE ROLE role
[ NOT IDENTIFIED
| IDENTIFIED { BY password
| USING [ schema. ] package
| EXTERNALLY
| GLOBALLY
}
];
;
```

CREATE ROLLBACK SEGMENT

```
CREATE [ PUBLIC ] ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment
[ TABLESPACE tablespace | storage_clause ]...;
```

CREATE SCHEMA

```
CREATE SCHEMA AUTHORIZATION schema
{ create_table_statement
| create_view_statement
| grant_statement
}...
;
```

CREATE SEQUENCE

```
CREATE SEQUENCE [ schema. ] sequence
[ { INCREMENT BY | START WITH } integer
| { MAXVALUE integer | NOMAXVALUE }
| { MINVALUE integer | NOMINVALUE }
| { CYCLE | NOCYCLE }
| { CACHE integer | NOCACHE }
| { ORDER | NOORDER }
]...
;
```

CREATE SPFILE

```
CREATE SPFILE [= 'spfile_name' ]
FROM { PFILE [= 'pfile_name' ]
| MEMORY
} ;
```

CREATE SYNONYM

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] [ PUBLIC ] SYNONYM
[ schema. ] synonym
FOR [ schema. ] object [ @ dblink ] ;
```

CREATE TABLE

```
CREATE [ GLOBAL TEMPORARY ] TABLE [ schema. ] table
{ relational_table | object_table | XMLType_table }
```

CREATE TABLESPACE

```
CREATE
[ BIGFILE | SMALLFILE ]
```

```

{ permanent_tablespace_clause
| temporary_tablespace_clause
| undo_tablespace_clause
} ;

```

CREATE TRIGGER

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] TRIGGER plsql_source
```

CREATE TYPE

```
CREATE [OR REPLACE] TYPE plsql_source;
```

CREATE TYPE BODY

```
CREATE [ OR REPLACE ] TYPE BODY plsql_source
```

CREATE USER

```

CREATE USER user
  IDENTIFIED { BY password
    | EXTERNALLY [ AS 'certificate_DN' ]
    | GLOBALLY [ AS '[ directory_DN ]' ]
  }
  [ DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace
  | TEMPORARY TABLESPACE
    { tablespace | tablespace_group_name }
  | { QUOTA { size_clause | UNLIMITED } ON tablespace }...
  EDO   | PROFILE profile
  | PASSWORD EXPIRE
  | ACCOUNT { LOCK | UNLOCK }
    [ DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace
    | TEMPORARY TABLESPACE
      { tablespace | tablespace_group_name }
    | { QUOTA { size_clause | UNLIMITED } ON tablespace }...
    | PROFILE profile
    | PASSWORD EXPIRE
    | ACCOUNT { LOCK | UNLOCK }
  ]...
];

```

CREATE VIEW

```

CREATE [OR REPLACE]
  [[NO] FORCE] VIEW [schema.] view
  [ ( { alias [ inline_constraint... ]
    | out_of_line_constraint
  }
  [, { alias [ inline_constraint... ]
    | out_of_line_constraint
  }
  ]
  )
  | object_view_clause
  | XMLType_view_clause
]
AS subquery [ subquery_restriction_clause ] ;

```

DELETE

```

DELETE [ hint ]
  [ FROM ]
  { dml_table_expression_clause
  | ONLY (dml_table_expression_clause)
} [ t_alias ]
  [ where_clause ]

```

```
[ returning_clause ]
[error_logging_clause];
```

DISASSOCIATE STATISTICS

```
DISASSOCIATE STATISTICS FROM
  { COLUMNS [ schema. ]table.column
    [, [ schema. ]table.column ]...
  | FUNCTIONS [ schema. ]function
    [, [ schema. ]function ]...
  | PACKAGES [ schema. ]package
    [, [ schema. ]package ]...
  | TYPES [ schema. ]type
    [, [ schema. ]type ]...
  | INDEXES [ schema. ]index
    [, [ schema. ]index ]...
  | INDEXTYPES [ schema. ]indextype
    [, [ schema. ]indextype ]...
}
[ FORCE ] ;
```

DROP CLUSTER

```
DROP CLUSTER [ schema. ] cluster
  [ INCLUDING TABLES [ CASCADE CONSTRAINTS ] ] ;
```

DROP CONTEXT

```
DROP CONTEXT namespace ;
```

DROP DATABASE

```
DROP DATABASE ;
```

DROP DATABASE LINK

```
DROP [ PUBLIC ] DATABASE LINK dblink ;
```

DROP DIMENSION

```
DROP DIMENSION [ schema. ] dimension ;
```

DROP DIRECTORY

```
DROP DIRECTORY directory_name ;
```

DROP DISKGROUP

```
DROP DISKGROUP diskgroup_name
  [ FORCE INCLUDING CONTENTS
  | { INCLUDING | EXCLUDING } CONTENTS
  ]
```

DROP FLASHBACK ARCHIVE

```
DROP FLASHBACK ARCHIVE flashback_archive;
```

DROP FUNCTION

```
DROP FUNCTION [ schema. ] function_name ;
```

DROP INDEX

```
DROP INDEX [ schema. ] index [ FORCE ] ;
```

DROP INDEXTYPE

```
DROP INDEXTYPE [ schema. ] indextype [ FORCE ] ;
```

DROP JAVA

```
DROP JAVA { SOURCE | CLASS | RESOURCE }  
[ schema. ] object_name ;
```

DROP LIBRARY

```
DROP LIBRARY library_name ;
```

DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW

```
DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW [ schema. ] materialized_view  
[ PRESERVE TABLE ] ;
```

DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG

```
DROP MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG ON [ schema. ] table ;
```

DROP OPERATOR

```
DROP OPERATOR [ schema. ] operator [ FORCE ] ;
```

DROP OUTLINE

```
DROP OUTLINE outline ;
```

DROP PACKAGE

```
DROP PACKAGE [ BODY ] [ schema. ] package ;
```

DROP PROCEDURE

```
DROP PROCEDURE [ schema. ] procedure ;
```

DROP PROFILE

```
DROP PROFILE profile [ CASCADE ] ;
```

DROP RESTORE POINT

```
DROP RESTORE POINT restore_point ;
```

DROP ROLE

```
DROP ROLE role ;
```

DROP ROLLBACK SEGMENT

```
DROP ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment ;
```

DROP SEQUENCE

```
DROP SEQUENCE [ schema. ] sequence_name ;
```

DROP SYNONYM

```
DROP [PUBLIC] SYNONYM [ schema. ] synonym [FORCE] ;
```

DROP TABLE

```
DROP TABLE [ schema. ] table  
[ CASCADE CONSTRAINTS ] [ PURGE ] ;
```

DROP TABLESPACE

```
DROP TABLESPACE tablespace  
[ INCLUDING CONTENTS [ {AND | KEEP} DATAFILES ]  
[ CASCADE CONSTRAINTS ]  
] ;
```

DROP TRIGGER

```
DROP TRIGGER [ schema. ] trigger ;
```

DROP TYPE

```
DROP TYPE [ schema. ] type_name [ FORCE | VALIDATE ] ;
```

DROP TYPE BODY

```
DROP TYPE BODY [ schema. ] type_name ;
```

DROP USER

```
DROP USER user [ CASCADE ] ;
```

DROP VIEW

```
DROP VIEW [ schema. ] view [ CASCADE CONSTRAINTS ] ;
```

EXPLAIN PLAN

```
EXPLAIN PLAN  
[ SET STATEMENT_ID = string ]  
[ INTO [ schema. ] table [ @ dblink ] ]  
FOR statement ;
```

FLASHBACK DATABASE

```
FLASHBACK [ STANDBY ] DATABASE [ database ]  
{ TO { { SCN | TIMESTAMP } expr  
| RESTORE POINT restore_point  
}  
| TO BEFORE { SCN | TIMESTAMP } expr  
| RESETLOGS  
}  
};
```

FLASHBACK TABLE

```
FLASHBACK TABLE  
[ schema. ] table  
[, [ schema. ] table ]...  
TO { { { SCN | TIMESTAMP } expr  
| RESTORE POINT restore_point  
} [ { ENABLE | DISABLE } TRIGGERS ]
```

```

| BEFORE DROP [ RENAME TO table ]
} ;

```

GRANT

```

GRANT { grant_system_privileges
      | grant_object_privileges
} ;

```

INSERT

```

INSERT [ hint ]
{ single_table_insert | multi_table_insert } ;

```

LOCK TABLE

```

LOCK TABLE [ schema. ] { table | view }
[ partition_extension_clause
| @ dblink
] [, [ schema. ] { table | view }
[ partition_extension_clause
| @ dblink
]
]
]...
IN lockmode MODE
[ NOWAIT
| WAIT integer
] ;

```

MERGE

```

MERGE [ hint ]
INTO [ schema. ] { table | view } [ t_alias ]
USING { [ schema. ] { table | view }
| subquery
} [ t_alias ]
ON ( condition )
[ merge_update_clause ]
[ merge_insert_clause ]
[ error_logging_clause ] ;

```

NOAUDIT

```

NOAUDIT
{ sql_statement_clause
| schema_object_clause
| NETWORK
}
[ WHENEVER [ NOT ] SUCCESSFUL ] ;

```

PURGE

```

PURGE { { TABLE table | INDEX index }
| { RECYCLEBIN | DBA_RECYCLEBIN }
| TABLESPACE tablespace [ USER username ]
} ;

```

RENAME

```
RENAME old_name TO new_name ;
```

REVOKE

```
REVOKE { revoke_system_privileges
```

```
| revoke_object_privileges  
} ;
```

ROLLBACK

```
ROLLBACK [ WORK ]  
[ TO [ SAVEPOINT ] savepoint  
| FORCE string  
] ;
```

SAVEPOINT

```
SAVEPOINT savepoint ;
```

SELECT

```
[ subquery_factoring_clause ] subquery [ for_update_clause ] ;
```

SET CONSTRAINT[S]

```
SET { CONSTRAINT | CONSTRAINTS }  
{ constraint [, constraint ]...  
| ALL  
}  
{ IMMEDIATE | DEFERRED } ;
```

SET ROLE

```
SET ROLE  
{ role [ IDENTIFIED BY password ]  
[, role [ IDENTIFIED BY password ] ]...  
| ALL [ EXCEPT role [, role ]... ]  
| NONE  
} ;
```

SET TRANSACTION

```
SET TRANSACTION  
{ { READ { ONLY | WRITE }  
| ISOLATION LEVEL  
{ SERIALIZABLE | READ COMMITTED }  
| USE ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment  
} [ NAME string ]  
| NAME string  
} ;
```

TRUNCATE_CLUSTER

```
TRUNCATE CLUSTER [schema.] cluster  
[ {DROP | REUSE} STORAGE ] ;
```

TRUNCATE_TABLE

```
TRUNCATE TABLE [schema.] table  
[ {PRESERVE | PURGE} MATERIALIZED VIEW LOG ]  
[ {DROP | REUSE} STORAGE ] ;
```

UPDATE

```
UPDATE [ hint ]  
{ dml_table_expression_clause  
| ONLY (dml_table_expression_clause)  
} [ t_alias ]  
update_set_clause  
[ where_clause ]  
[ returning_clause ]  
[error_logging_clause] ;
```

SQL Functions

This chapter presents the syntax for SQL functions.

This chapter includes the following section:

- [Syntax for SQL Functions](#)

Syntax for SQL Functions

A function is a command that manipulates data items and returns a single value.

The sections that follow show each SQL function and its related syntax. Refer to [Chapter 5, "Subclauses"](#) for the syntax of the subclauses.

See Also: Functions in *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference* for detailed information about SQL functions

ABS

`ABS(n)`

ACOS

`ACOS(n)`

ADD_MONTHS

`ADD_MONTHS(date, integer)`

analytic_function

`analytic_function([arguments]) OVER (analytic_clause)`

APPENDCHILDXML

`APPENDCHILDXML(XMLType_instance, XPath_string, value_expr [, namespace_string])`

ASCII

`ASCII(char)`

ASCIISTR

`ASCIISTR(char)`

ASIN

`ASIN(n)`

ATAN

```
ATAN(n)
```

ATAN2

```
ATAN2(n1 , n2)
```

AVG

```
AVG([ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr)
    [ OVER(analytic_clause) ]
```

BFILENAME

```
BFILENAME('directory', 'filename')
```

BIN_TO_NUM

```
BIN_TO_NUM(expr [, expr ]... )
```

BITAND

```
BITAND(expr1, expr2)
```

CARDINALITY

```
CARDINALITY(nested_table)
```

CAST

```
CAST({ expr | MULTISET (subquery) } AS type_name)
```

CEIL

```
CEIL(n)
```

CHARTOROWID

```
CHARTOROWID(char)
```

CHR

```
CHR(n [ USING NCHAR_CS ])
```

CLUSTER_ID

```
CLUSTER_ID ( [ schema . ] model mining_attribute_clause )
```

CLUSTER_PROBABILITY

```
CLUSTER_PROBABILITY ( [ schema . ] model
    [ , cluster_id ] mining_attribute_clause )
```

CLUSTER_SET

```
CLUSTER_SET ( [ schema . ] model
    [ , topN [ , cutoff ]
    ]
    mining_attribute_clause )
```

COALESCE

```
COALESCE(expr [, expr ]...)
```

COLLECT

COLLECT ([DISTINCT | UNIQUE] column ORDER BY expr)

COMPOSE

COMPOSE(char)

CONCAT

CONCAT(char1, char2)

CONVERT

CONVERT(char, dest_char_set[, source_char_set])

CORRCORR(expr1, expr2)
[OVER (analytic_clause)]**CORR_K, CORR_S**{ CORR_K | CORR_S }
(expr1, expr2
[, { COEFFICIENT
| ONE_SIDED_SIG
| ONE_SIDED_SIG_POS
| ONE_SIDED_SIG_NEG
| TWO_SIDED_SIG
}
]
)**COS**

COS(n)

COSH

COSH(n)

COUNTCOUNT({ * | [DISTINCT | ALL] expr })
[OVER (analytic_clause)]**COVAR_POP**COVAR_POP(expr1, expr2)
[OVER (analytic_clause)]**COVAR_SAMP**COVAR_SAMP(expr1, expr2)
[OVER (analytic_clause)]**CUME_DIST (aggregate)**CUME_DIST(expr[,expr]...)
WITHIN GROUP
(ORDER BY expr [DESC | ASC]
[NULLS { FIRST | LAST }]
[, expr [DESC | ASC]
[NULLS { FIRST | LAST }]
]...
)

CUME_DIST (analytic)

```
CUME_DIST( )
    OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

CURRENT_DATE

```
CURRENT_DATE
```

CURRENT_TIMESTAMP

```
CURRENT_TIMESTAMP [ (precision) ]
```

CV

```
CV([ dimension_column ])
```

DATAOBJ_TO_PARTITION

```
DATAOBJ_TO_PARTITION ( table, partition_id )
```

DBTIMEZONE

```
DBTIMEZONE
```

DECODE

```
DECODE(expr, search, result
       [, search, result ]...
       [, default ]
       )
```

DECOMPOSE

```
DECOMPOSE( string [ CANONICAL | COMPATIBILITY ] )
```

DELETXML

```
DELETEXML
( XMLType_instance, XPath_string
[, namespace_string ]
)
```

DENSE_RANK (aggregate)

```
DENSE_RANK(expr [, expr ]...) WITHIN GROUP
(ORDER BY expr [ DESC | ASC ]
 [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
 [,expr [ DESC | ASC ]
 [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
]...
)
```

DENSE_RANK (aggregate)

```
DENSE_RANK( )
    OVER([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

DEPTH

```
DEPTH(correlation_integer)
```

DEREF

```
DEREF(expr)
```

DUMP

```
DUMP(expr[, return_fmt
```

```

        [, start_position [, length ] ]
    ]
)
```

EMPTY_BLOB, EMPTY_CLOB

```
{ EMPTY_BLOB | EMPTY_CLOB }()
```

EXISTSNODE

```
EXISTSNODE
(XMLType_instance, XPath_string
[, namespace_string ]
)
```

EXP

```
EXP(n)
```

EXTRACT (datetime)

```
EXTRACT( { { YEAR
| MONTH
| DAY
| HOUR
| MINUTE
| SECOND
}
| { TIMEZONE_HOUR
| TIMEZONE_MINUTE
}
| { TIMEZONE_REGION
| TIMEZONE_ABBR
}
}
FROM { expr }
)
```

EXTRACT (XML)

```
EXTRACT(XMLType_instance, XPath_string
[, namespace_string ]
)
```

EXTRACTVALUE

```
EXTRACTVALUE
(XMLType_instance, XPath_string
[, namespace_string ]
)
```

FEATURE_ID

```
FEATURE_ID ( [ schema . ] model mining_attribute_clause )
```

FEATURE_SET

```
FEATURE_SET ( [ schema . ] model
[ , topN [ , cutoff ]
]
mining_attribute_clause )
```

FEATURE_VALUE

```
FEATURE_VALUE ( [ schema . ] model
[ , feature_id ] mining_attribute_clause )
```

FIRST

```
aggregate_function
    KEEP
        (DENSE_RANK FIRST ORDER BY
            expr [ DESC | ASC ]
            [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
        [, expr [ DESC | ASC ]
            [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
        ]...
    )
    [ OVER query_partition_clause ]
```

FIRST_VALUE

```
FIRST_VALUE (expr [ IGNORE NULLS ])
    OVER (analytic_clause)
```

FLOOR

```
FLOOR(n)
```

FROM_TZ

```
FROM_TZ (timestamp_value, time_zone_value)
```

GREATEST

```
GREATEST(expr [, expr ]...)
```

GROUP_ID

```
GROUP_ID( )
```

GROUPING

```
GROUPING(expr)
```

GROUPING_ID

```
GROUPING_ID(expr [, expr ]...)
```

HEXTORAW

```
HEXTORAW(char)
```

INITCAP

```
INITCAP(char)
```

INSERTCHILDXML

```
INSERTCHILDXML
    ( XMLType_instance, XPath_string, child_expr,
        value_expr [, namespace_string ]
    )
```

INSERTXMLBEFORE

```
INSERTXMLBEFORE
    ( XMLType_instance, XPath_string,
        value_expr [, namespace_string ]
    )
```

INSTR

```
{ INSTR
```

```

| INSTRB
| INSTRC
| INSTR2
| INSTR4
}
(string , substring [, position [, occurrence ] ])

```

ITERATION_NUMBER

ITERATION_NUMBER

LAG

```

LAG(value_expr [, offset ] [, default ])
    OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)

```

LAST

```

aggregate_function KEEP
    (DENSE_RANK LAST ORDER BY
        expr [ DESC | ASC ]
        [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
    [, expr [ DESC | ASC ]
        [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
    ]...
    )
    [ OVER query_partition_clause ]

```

LAST_DAY

LAST_DAY(date)

LAST_VALUE

```

LAST_VALUE(expr [ IGNORE NULLS ])
    OVER (analytic_clause)

```

LEAD

```

LEAD(value_expr [, offset ] [, default ])
    OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)

```

LEAST

LEAST(expr [, expr]...)

LENGTH

```

{ LENGTH
| LENGTHB
| LENGTHC
| LENGTH2
| LENGTH4
}
(char)

```

LN

LN(n)

LNNVL

LNNVL(condition)

LOCALTIMESTAMP

LOCALTIMESTAMP [(timestamp_precision)]

LOG

LOG(n2, n1)

LOWER

LOWER(char)

LPAD

LPAD(expr1, n [, expr2])

LTRIM

LTRIM(char [, set])

MAKE_REF

MAKE_REF({ table | view } , key [, key]...)

MAX

MAX([DISTINCT | ALL] expr)
[OVER (analytic_clause)]

MEDIAN

MEDIAN(expr) [OVER (query_partition_clause)]

MIN

MIN([DISTINCT | ALL] expr)
[OVER (analytic_clause)]

MOD

MOD(n2, n1)

MONTHS_BETWEEN

MONTHS_BETWEEN(date1, date2)

NANVL

NANVL(n2, n1)

NCHR

NCHR(number)

NEW_TIME

NEW_TIME(date, timezone1, timezone2)

NEXT_DAY

NEXT_DAY(date, char)

NLS_CHARSET_DECL_LEN

NLS_CHARSET_DECL_LEN(byte_count, 'char_set_id')

NLS_CHARSET_ID

NLS_CHARSET_ID (string)

NLS_CHARSET_NAME

NLS_CHARSET_NAME(number)

NLS_INITCAP

```
NLS_INITCAP(char [, 'nlsparam' ])
```

NLS_LOWER

```
NLS_LOWER(char [, 'nlsparam' ])
```

NLS_UPPER

```
NLS_UPPER(char [, 'nlsparam' ])
```

NLSSORT

```
NLSSORT(char [, 'nlsparam' ])
```

NTILE

```
NTILE(expr)
    OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

NULLIF

```
NULLIF(expr1, expr2)
```

NUMTODSINTERVAL

```
NUMTODSINTERVAL(n, 'interval_unit')
```

NUMTOYMINTERVAL

```
NUMTOYMINTERVAL(n, 'interval_unit')
```

NVL

```
NVL(expr1, expr2)
```

NVL2

```
NVL2(expr1, expr2, expr3)
```

ORA_HASH

```
ORA_HASH (expr [, max_bucket [, seed_value ] ])
```

PATH

```
PATH (correlation_integer)
```

PERCENT_RANK (aggregate)

```
PERCENT_RANK(expr [, expr ]...) WITHIN GROUP
    (ORDER BY
        expr [ DESC | ASC ]
        [NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
        [, expr [ DESC | ASC ]
        [NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
        ]...
    )
```

PERCENT_RANK (analytic)

```
PERCENT_RANK( )
    OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

PERCENTILE_CONT

```
PERCENTILE_CONT(expr) WITHIN GROUP
    (ORDER BY expr [ DESC | ASC ])
    [ OVER (query_partition_clause) ]
```

PERCENTILE_DISC

```
PERCENTILE_DISC(expr) WITHIN GROUP  
    (ORDER BY expr [ DESC | ASC ])  
    [ OVER (query_partition_clause) ]
```

POWER

```
POWER(n2, n1)
```

POWERMULTISET

```
POWERMULTISET(expr)
```

POWERMULTISET_BY_CARDINALITY

```
POWERMULTISET_BY_CARDINALITY(expr, cardinality)
```

PREDICTION

```
PREDICTION ( [ schema . ] model [ cost_matrix_clause ] mining_attribute_clause )
```

PREDICTION_BOUNDS

```
PREDICTION_BOUNDS  
( [schema.] model  
  [, confidence_level [, class_value]]  
  mining_attribute_clause  
)
```

PREDICTION_COST

```
PREDICTION_COST ( [ schema . ] model [ , class ] cost_matrix_clause  
mining_attribute_clause )
```

PREDICTION_DETAILS

```
PREDICTION_DETAILS ( [ schema . ] model mining_attribute_clause )
```

PREDICTION_PROBABILITY

```
PREDICTION_PROBABILITY ( [ schema . ] model [ , class ]  
mining_attribute_clause )
```

PREDICTION_SET

```
PREDICTION_SET ( [ schema . ] model [ , bestN [ , cutoff ] ]  
[ cost_matrix_clause ] mining_attribute_clause )
```

PRESENTNNV

```
PRESENTNNV(cell_reference, expr1, expr2)
```

PRESENTV

```
PRESENTV(cell_reference, expr1, expr2)
```

PREVIOUS

```
PREVIOUS(cell_reference)
```

RANK (aggregate)

```
RANK(expr [ , expr ]...) WITHIN GROUP  
    (ORDER BY
```

```

expr [ DESC | ASC ]
      [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
[, expr [ DESC | ASC ]
      [ NULLS { FIRST | LAST } ]
]...
)

```

RANK (analytic)

```

RANK( )
OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)

```

RATIO_TO_REPORT

```

RATIO_TO_REPORT(expr)
OVER ([ query_partition_clause ])

```

RAWTOHEX

```
RAWTOHEX(raw)
```

RAWTONHEX

```
RAWTONHEX(raw)
```

REF

```
REF (correlation_variable)
```

REFTOHEX

```
REFTOHEX (expr)
```

REGEXP_COUNT

```
REGEXP_COUNT (source_char, pattern [, position [, match_param]])
```

REGEXP_INSTR

```

REGEXP_INSTR (source_char, pattern
              [, position
               [, occurrence
                [, return_opt
                 [, match_param
                  [, subexpr]
                 ]
                ]
               ]
              )

```

REGEXP_REPLACE

```

REGEXP_REPLACE(source_char, pattern
              [, replace_string
               [, position
                [, occurrence
                 [, match_param ]
                ]
               ]
              )

```

REGEXP_SUBSTR

```
REGEXP_SUBSTR(source_char, pattern
               [, position
                  [, occurrence
                     [, match_param
                        [, subexpr
                           ]
                          ]
                         ]
                        ])
```

**REGR_AVGX, REGR_AVGY, REGR_COUNT, REGR_INTERCEPT, REGR_R2,
REGR_SLOPE, REGR_SXX, REGR_SXY, REGR_SYY**

```
{ REGR_SLOPE
| REGR_INTERCEPT
| REGR_COUNT
| REGR_R2
| REGR_AVGX
| REGR_AVGY
| REGR_SXX
| REGR_SYY
| REGR_SXY
}
(expr1 , expr2)
[ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

REMAINDER

```
REMAINDER(n2, n1)
```

REPLACE

```
REPLACE(char, search_string
       [, replacement_string ]
      )
```

ROUND (date)

```
ROUND(date [, fmt ])
```

ROUND (number)

```
ROUND(n [, integer ])
```

ROW_NUMBER

```
ROW_NUMBER( )
OVER ([ query_partition_clause ] order_by_clause)
```

ROWIDTOCHAR

```
ROWIDTOCHAR(rowid)
```

ROWIDTONCHAR

```
ROWIDTONCHAR(rowid)
```

RPAD

```
RPAD(expr1 , n [, expr2 ])
```

RTRIM

```
RTRIM(char [, set ])
```

SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP

SCN_TO_TIMESTAMP(number)

SESSIONTIMEZONE

SESSIONTIMEZONE

SET

SET (nested_table)

SIGN

SIGN(n)

SIN

SIN(n)

SINH

SINH(n)

SOUNDEX

SOUNDEX(char)

SQRT

SQRT(n)

STATS_BINOMIAL_TEST

```
STATS_BINOMIAL_TEST(expr1, expr2, p
    [, { TWO_SIDED_PROB
        | EXACT_PROB
        | ONE_SIDED_PROB_OR_MORE
        | ONE_SIDED_PROB_OR_LESS
    }
]
)
```

STATS_CROSSTAB

```
STATS_CROSSTAB(expr1, expr2
    [, { CHISQ_OBS
        | CHISQ_SIG
        | CHISQ_DF
        | PHI_COEFFICIENT
        | CRAMERS_V
        | CONT_COEFFICIENT
        | COHENNS_K
    }
]
)
```

STATS_F_TEST

```
STATS_F_TEST(expr1, expr2
    [, { STATISTIC
        | DF_NUM
        | DF_DEN
        | ONE_SIDED_SIG
    }
    , expr3
        | TWO_SIDED_SIG
    ]
)
)
```

STATS_KS_TEST

```
STATS_KS_TEST(expr1, expr2
               [, { STATISTIC | SIG } ]
               )
```

STATS_MODE

```
STATS_MODE(expr)
```

STATS_MW_TEST

```
STATS_MW_TEST(expr1, expr2
               [, { STATISTIC
                     | U_STATISTIC
                     | ONE_SIDED_SIG , expr3
                     | TWO_SIDED_SIG
                     }
                    ]
               )
```

STATS_ONE_WAY_ANOVA

```
STATS_ONE_WAY_ANOVA(expr1, expr2
                      [, { SUM_SQUARES_BETWEEN
                            | SUM_SQUARES_WITHIN
                            | DF_BETWEEN
                            | DF_WITHIN
                            | MEAN_SQUARES_BETWEEN
                            | MEAN_SQUARES_WITHIN
                            | F_RATIO
                            | SIG
                            }
                           ]
                      )
```

STATS_T_TEST_INDEP, STATS_T_TEST_INDEPU, STATS_T_TEST_ONE, STATS_T_TEST_PAIRED

```
{ STATS_T_TEST_INDEP
| STATS_T_TEST_INDEPU
| STATS_T_TEST_ONE
| STATS_T_TEST_PAIRED
}
(expr1, expr2
  [, { { STATISTIC
        | ONE_SIDED_SIG
        }
       , expr3
        | TWO_SIDED_SIG
        | DF
        }
      ]
)
```

STATS_WSR_TEST

```
STATS_WSR_TEST(expr1, expr2
                [, { STATISTIC
                      | ONE_SIDED_SIG
                      | TWO_SIDED_SIG
                      }
                     ]
                )
```

STDDEV

```
STDDEV([ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr)
      [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

STDDEV_POP

```
STDDEV_POP(expr)
      [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

STDDEV_SAMP

```
STDDEV_SAMP(expr)
      [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

SUBSTR

```
{ SUBSTR
| SUBSTRB
| SUBSTRC
| SUBSTR2
| SUBSTR4
}
(char, position [, substring_length ])
```

SUM

```
SUM([ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr)
      [ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

SYS_CONNECT_BY_PATH

```
SYS_CONNECT_BY_PATH(column, char)
```

SYS_CONTEXT

```
SYS_CONTEXT('namespace', 'parameter' [, length ])
```

SYS_DBURIGEN

```
SYS_DBURIGEN({ column | attribute }
            [ rowid ]
            [, { column | attribute }
            [ rowid ]
            ]...
            [, 'text ( )' ]
        )
```

SYS_EXTRACT_UTC

```
SYS_EXTRACT_UTC(datetime_with_timezone)
```

SYS_GUID

```
SYS_GUID()
```

SYS_TYPEID

```
SYS_TYPEID(object_type_value)
```

SYS_XMLAGG

```
SYS_XMLAGG(expr [, fmt ])
```

SYS_XMGEN

```
SYS_XMGEN(expr [, fmt ])
```

SYSDATE

`SYSDATE`

SYSTIMESTAMP

`SYSTIMESTAMP`

TAN

`TAN(n)`

TANH

`TANH(n)`

TIMESTAMP_TO_SCN

`TIMESTAMP_TO_SCN(timestamp)`

TO_BINARY_DOUBLE

`TO_BINARY_DOUBLE(expr [, fmt [, 'nlsparam']])`

TO_BINARY_FLOAT

`TO_BINARY_FLOAT(expr [, fmt [, 'nlsparam']])`

TO_BLOB

`TO_BLOB (raw_value)`

TO_CHAR (character)

`TO_CHAR(nchar | clob | nclob)`

TO_CHAR (datetime)

`TO_CHAR({ datetime | interval } [, fmt [, 'nlsparam']])`

TO_CHAR (number)

`TO_CHAR(n [, fmt [, 'nlsparam']])`

TO_CLOB

`TO_CLOB(lob_column | char)`

TO_DATE

`TO_DATE(char [, fmt [, 'nlsparam']])`

TO_DSINTERVAL

`TO_DSINTERVAL (' { sql_format | ds_iso_format } ')`

TO_LOB

`TO_LOB(long_column)`

TO_MULTI_BYTE

`TO_MULTI_BYTE(char)`

TO_NCHAR (character)

`TO_NCHAR({char | clob | nclob})`

TO_NCHAR (datetime)

```
TO_NCHAR({ datetime | interval }
          [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ]
          )
```

TO_NCHAR (number)

```
TO_NCHAR(n [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ])
```

TO_NCLOB

```
TO_NCLOB(lob_column | char)
```

TO_NUMBER

```
TO_NUMBER(expr [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ])
```

TO_SINGLE_BYTE

```
TO_SINGLE_BYTE(char)
```

TO_TIMESTAMP

```
TO_TIMESTAMP(char [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ])
```

TO_TIMESTAMP_TZ

```
TO_TIMESTAMP_TZ(char [, fmt [, 'nlsparam' ] ])
```

TO_YMINTERVAL

```
TO_YMINTERVAL
( '  { [+|-] years - months
      | ym_iso_format
    } ' )
```

TRANSLATE

```
TRANSLATE(expr, from_string, to_string)
```

TRANSLATE ... USING

```
TRANSLATE ( char USING
            { CHAR_CS | NCHAR_CS }
            )
```

TREAT

```
TREAT(expr AS [ REF ] [ schema. ]type)
```

TRIM

```
TRIM([ { { LEADING | TRAILING | BOTH }
        [ trim_character ]
        | trim_character
      }
      FROM
    ]
    trim_source
  )
```

TRUNC (date)

```
TRUNC(date [, fmt ])
```

TRUNC (number)

```
TRUNC(n1 [, n2 ])
```

TZ_OFFSET

```
TZ_OFFSET({ 'time_zone_name'  
    | '{ + | - } hh : mi'  
    | SESSIONTIMEZONE  
    | DBTMEZONE  
    }  
)
```

UID

UID

UNISTR

UNISTR(string)

UPDATEXML

```
UPDATEXML  
(XMLEType_instance,  
    XPath_string, value_expr  
    [, XPath_string, value_expr ]...  
    [, namespace_string ]  
)
```

UPPER

UPPER(char)

USER

USER

user-defined function

```
[ schema.  
{ [ package. ]function | user_defined_operator }  
[ @ dblink.  
[ ( [ [ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr [, expr ]... ] ) ]
```

USERENV

USERENV('parameter')

VALUE

VALUE(correlation_variable)

VAR_POP

VAR_POP(expr) [OVER (analytic_clause)]

VAR_SAMP

VAR_SAMP(expr) [OVER (analytic_clause)]

VARIANCE

```
VARIANCE([ DISTINCT | ALL ] expr)  
[ OVER (analytic_clause) ]
```

VSIZE

VSIZE(expr)

WIDTH_BUCKET

```
WIDTH_BUCKET  
(expr, min_value, max_value, num_buckets)
```

XMLAGG

```
XMLAGG(XMLType_instance [ order_by_clause ])
```

XMLECAST

```
XMLECAST ( value_expression AS datatype )
```

XMLCOLATTVAL

```
XMLCOLATTVAL
  (value_expr [ AS { c_alias | EVALNAME value_expr } ]
   [, value_expr [ AS { c_alias | EVALNAME value_expr } ]
    ]...
  )
```

XMLCOMMENT

```
XMLCOMMENT ( value_expr )
```

XMCDATA

```
XMCDATA ( value_expr )
```

XMLCONCAT

```
XMLCONCAT(XMLType_instance [, XMLType_instance ]...)
```

XMLDIFF

```
XMDDiff ( XMLType_document, XMLType_document [ , integer, string ] )
```

XMLEMENT

```
XMLEMENT
  ( [ENTITYPECAPPING | NOENTITYPECAPPING]
    [ NAME ]
    { identifier
      | EVALNAME value_expr
    }
    [, XML_attributes_clause ]
    [, value_expr [ AS c_alias ]]...
  )
```

XMLEXISTS

```
XMLEXISTS ( XQuery_string [ XML_passing_clause ] )
```

XMLFOREST

```
XMLFOREST
  ( value_expr [ AS { c_alias | EVALNAME value_expr } ]
    [, value_expr [ AS { c_alias | EVALNAME value_expr } ]
     ]...
  )
```

XMLPARSE

```
XMLPARSE
  ({ DOCUMENT | CONTENT } value_expr [ WELLFORMED ]
  )
```

XMLPATCH

```
XMLPatch ( XMLType_document , XMLType_document )
```

XMLPI

```
XMLPI  
( { [ NAME ] identifier  
| EVALNAME value_expr  
} [, value_expr ]  
)
```

XMLQUERY

```
XMLQUERY  
( XQuery_string  
[ XML_passing_clause ]  
RETURNING CONTENT [NULL ON EMPTY]  
)
```

XMLROOT

```
XMLROOT  
( value_expr , VERSION  
{ value_expr | NO VALUE }  
[, STANDALONE { YES | NO | NO VALUE } ]  
)
```

XMLSEQUENCE

```
XMLSEQUENCE( XMLType_instance  
| sys_refcursor_instance [, fmt ]  
)
```

XMLSERIALIZE

```
XMLSERIALIZE  
( { DOCUMENT | CONTENT } value_expr [ AS datatype ]  
[ ENCODING xml_encoding_spec ]  
[ VERSION string_literal ]  
[ NO INDENT | { INDENT [SIZE = number] } ]  
[ { HIDE | SHOW } DEFAULTS ]  
)
```

XMLTABLE

```
XMLTABLE  
(  
[ XMLnamespaces_clause , ] XQuery_string XMLTABLE_options  
)
```

XMLTRANSFORM

```
XMLTRANSFORM(XMLType_instance, { XMLType_instance  
| string  
}  
)
```

3

SQL Expressions

This chapter presents the syntax for combining values, operators, and functions into expressions.

This chapter includes the following section:

- [Syntax for SQL Expression Types](#)

Syntax for SQL Expression Types

An expression is a combination of one or more values, operators, and SQL functions that evaluate to a value. An expression generally assumes the datatype of its components.

Expressions have several forms. The sections that follow show the syntax for each form of expression. Refer to [Chapter 5, "Subclauses"](#) for the syntax of the subclauses.

See Also: Expressions in *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference* for detailed information about SQL expressions

CASE expression

```
CASE { simple_case_expression
      | searched_case_expression
      }
      [ else_clause ]
END
```

Compound expression

```
{ (expr)
  | { + | - | PRIOR } expr
  | expr { * | / | + | - | || } expr
}
```

Note: The double vertical bars are part of the syntax (indicating concatenation) rather than BNF notation.

CURSOR expression

```
CURSOR (subquery)
```

DATETIME expression

```
expr AT
  { LOCAL
  | TIME ZONE { ' [ + | - ] hh:mm'
    | DBTIMEZONE
    | 'time_zone_name'
    | expr
  }
```

}

Function expression

any built-in SQL function or user-defined function can be used as an expression

INTERVAL expression

```
expr
{ DAY [ (leading_field_precision) ] TO
  SECOND [ (fractional_second_precision) ]
| YEAR [ (leading_field_precision) ] TO
  MONTH
}
```

Model expression

```
{ measure_column [ { condition | expr }[ , { condition | expr } ... ] ]
| aggregate_function
  { [ { condition | expr }[ , { condition | expr } ... ] ]
  | [ single_column_for_loop [, single_column_for_loop] ... ]
  | [ multi_column_for_loop ]
  }
| analytic_function
}
```

Note: The outside square brackets shown in boldface type are part of the syntax. In this case, they do not represent optionality.

Object access expression

```
{ table_alias.column.
| object_table_alias.
| (expr).
}
{ attribute [.attribute ]...
  [.method ([ argument [, argument ]... ]) ]
| method ([ argument [, argument ]... ])
}
```

Placeholder expression

```
:host_variable
[ [ INDICATOR ]
  :indicator_variable
]
```

Scalar subquery expression

a subquery that returns exactly one column value from one row can be used as an expression

Simple expression

```
{ [ query_name.
  | [schema.]
    { table. | view. | materialized view. }
  ] { column | ROWID }
| ROWNUM
| string
| number
| sequence. { CURRVAL | NEXTVAL }
| NULL
}
```

Type constructor expression

```
[ NEW ] [ schema. ]type_name  
([ expr [, expr ]... ])
```


4

SQL Conditions

This chapter presents the syntax for combining one or more expressions and logical (Boolean) operators to specify a condition.

This chapter includes the following section:

- [Syntax for SQL Condition Types](#)

Syntax for SQL Condition Types

A condition specifies a combination of one or more expressions and logical (Boolean) operators and returns a value of TRUE, FALSE, or unknown.

Conditions have several forms. The sections that follow show the syntax for each form of condition. Refer to [Chapter 5, "Subclauses"](#) for the syntax of the subclauses.

See Also: Conditions in *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference* for detailed information about SQL conditions

Compound conditions

```
{ (condition)
| NOT condition
| condition { AND | OR } condition
}
```

EQUALS_PATH condition

```
EQUALS_PATH
(column, path_string [, correlation_integer ])
```

EXISTS condition

```
EXISTS (subquery)
```

Floating-point conditions

```
expr IS [ NOT ] { NAN | INFINITE }
```

Group comparison condition

```
{ expr
{ = | != | ^= | <> | > | < | >= | <= }
{ ANY | SOME | ALL }
({ expression_list | subquery })
| expr
[, expr]...
{ = | != | ^= | <> }
{ ANY | SOME | ALL }
({ expression_list
```

```
[, expression_list ]...
| subquery
}
)
}
```

where !=, ^=, and <> test for inequality

IN conditions

```
{ expr [ NOT ] IN ({ expression_list | subquery })
| ( expr [, expr ]... )
  [ NOT ] IN ({ expression_list [, expression_list ]...
    | subquery
    }
  )
)
}
```

IS A SET conditions

```
nested_table IS [ NOT ] A SET
```

IS ANY condition

```
[ dimension_column IS ] ANY
```

IS EMPTY conditions

```
nested_table IS [ NOT ] EMPTY
```

IS OF TYPE conditions

```
expr IS [ NOT ] OF [ TYPE ]
  ([ ONLY ] [ schema. ] type
  [, [ ONLY ] [ schema. ] type ]...
)
```

IS PRESENT condition

```
cell_reference IS PRESENT
```

LIKE condition

```
char1 [ NOT ] { LIKE | LIKEC | LIKE2 | LIKE4 }
  char2 [ ESCAPE esc_char ]
```

Logical conditions

```
{ NOT | AND | OR }
```

MEMBER condition

```
expr [ NOT ] MEMBER [ OF ] nested_table
```

NULL conditions

```
expr IS [ NOT ] NULL
```

REGEXP_LIKE condition

```
REGEXP_LIKE(source_char, pattern
  [, match_param ]
)
```

Simple comparison condition

```
{ expr
```

```
{ = | != | ^= | <> | > | < | >= | <= }
expr
| (expr [, expr]...)
{ = | != | ^= | <> }
(subquery)
}
where !=, ^=, and <> test for inequality
```

SUBMULTISET conditions

```
nested_table1
[ NOT ] SUBMULTISET [ OF ]
nested_table2
```

UNDER_PATH condition

```
UNDER_PATH (column [, levels], path_string
            [, correlation_integer ]
            )
```

Subclauses

This chapter presents the syntax for the subclauses found in the syntax for SQL statements, functions, expressions and conditions.

This chapter includes the following section:

- [Syntax for Subclauses](#)

Syntax for Subclauses

The sections that follow show the syntax for each subclause found in:

- [Chapter 1, "SQL Statements"](#)
- [Chapter 2, "SQL Functions"](#)
- [Chapter 3, "SQL Expressions"](#)
- [Chapter 4, "SQL Conditions"](#)

See Also: *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference* for detailed information about Oracle SQL

activate_standby_db_clause

```
ACTIVATE
  [ PHYSICAL | LOGICAL ]
  STANDBY DATABASE
  [ FINISH APPLY ]
```

add_binding_clause

```
ADD BINDING
  (parameter_type [, parameter_type ]...)
  RETURN (return_type)
  [ implementation_clause ]
  using_function_clause
```

add_column_clause

```
ADD
  ( {column_definition | virtual_column_definition
    [, column_definition | virtual_column_definition] ...
    }
  [ column_properties ]
```

add_disk_clause

```
ADD
  { [ FAILGROUP failgroup_name ]
```

```
DISK qualified_disk_clause [, qualified_disk_clause ]...
}...
```

add_hash_index_partition

```
ADD PARTITION
  [ partition_name ]
  [ TABLESPACE tablespace_name ]
  [ key_compression ]
  [ parallel_clause ]
```

add_hash_partition_clause

```
ADD PARTITION [ partition ]
  partitioning_storage_clause
  [ update_index_clauses ]
  [ parallel_clause ]
```

add_hash_subpartition

```
ADD hash_subpartition_desc
  [ dependent_tables_clause ]
  [ update_index_clauses ]
  [ parallel_clause ]
```

add_list_partition_clause

```
ADD PARTITION [ partition ]
  list_values_clause
  [ table_partition_description ]
  [ { range_subpartition_desc
    | list_subpartition_desc
    | hash_subpartition_desc
    } ]
  ]
  [ update_index_clauses ]
```

add_list_subpartition

```
ADD list_subpartition_desc [ dependent_tables_clause ] [ update_index_clauses ]
```

add_logfile_clauses

```
ADD [ STANDBY ] LOGFILE
  { [ INSTANCE 'instance_name' ]
    [ GROUP integer ] redo_log_file_spec
    [, [ GROUP integer ] redo_log_file_spec ]...
  | MEMBER 'filename' [ REUSE ] [, 'filename' [ REUSE ] ]...
    TO logfile_descriptor [, logfile_descriptor ]...
  }
```

add_overflow_clause

```
ADD OVERFLOW [ segment_attributes_clause ]
  [ ( PARTITION [ segment_attributes_clause ]
    [, PARTITION [ segment_attributes_clause ] ]...
    )
  ]
```

add_range_partition_clause

```
ADD PARTITION [ partition ]
  range_values_clause
  [ table_partition_description ]
  [ ( { range_subpartition_desc
```

```

    | list_subpartition_desc
    | hash_subpartition_desc
    )
)
]
[ update_index_clauses ]

```

add_range_subpartition

```
ADD range_subpartition_desc [ dependent_tables_clause ] [ update_index_clauses ]
```

add_system_partition_clause

```
[BEFORE { partition_name | partition_number }]
[table_partition_description]
[update_index_clauses]
```

add_table_partition

```
{ add_range_partition_clause
| add_hash_partition_clause
| add_list_partition_clause
} [ dependent_tables_clause ]
```

alias_file_name

```
+diskgroup_name [ (template_name) ] /alias_name
```

allocate_extent_clause

```
ALLOCATE EXTENT
[ ( { SIZE size_clause
      | DATAFILE 'filename'
      | INSTANCE integer
      } ...
)
]
```

alter_datafile_clause

```
DATAFILE
{ 'filename' | filenumber }
[, 'filename' | filenumber ]...
}
{ ONLINE
| OFFLINE [ FOR DROP ]
| RESIZE size_clause
| autoextend_clause
| END BACKUP
}
```

alter_external_table

```
{ add_column_clause
| modify_column_clauses
| drop_column_clause
| parallel_clause
| external_data_properties
| REJECT LIMIT { integer | UNLIMITED }
| PROJECT COLUMN { ALL | REFERENCED }
}
[ add_column_clause
| modify_column_clauses
| drop_column_clause
```

```
| parallel_clause  
| external_data_properties  
| REJECT LIMIT { integer | UNLIMITED }  
| PROJECT COLUMN { ALL | REFERENCED }  
]...
```

alter_index_partitioning

```
{ modify_index_defaultAttrs  
| add_hash_index_partition  
| modify_index_partition  
| rename_index_partition  
| drop_index_partition  
| split_index_partition  
| coalesce_index_partition  
| modify_index_subpartition  
}
```

alter_interval_partitioning

```
{ SET INTERVAL ( expr )  
| SET STORE IN ( tablespace [, tablespace]... )  
}
```

alter_iot_clauses

```
{ index_org_table_clause  
| alter_overflow_clause  
| alter_mapping_table_clauses  
| COALESCE  
}
```

alter_mapping_table_clauses

```
MAPPING TABLE  
{ allocate_extent_clause  
| deallocate_unused_clause  
}
```

alter_mv_refresh

```
REFRESH  
{ { FAST | COMPLETE | FORCE }  
| ON { DEMAND | COMMIT }  
| { START WITH | NEXT } date  
| WITH PRIMARY KEY  
| USING  
{ DEFAULT MASTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT  
| MASTER ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment  
}  
| USING { ENFORCED | TRUSTED } CONSTRAINTS  
}
```

alter_overflow_clause

```
{ add_overflow_clause  
| OVERFLOW  
{ segment_attributes_clause  
| allocate_extent_clause  
| shrink_clause  
| deallocate_unused_clause  
}...  
}
```

alter_session_set_clause

```
SET { parameter_name = parameter_value }...
```

alter_system_reset_clause

```
parameter_name
[ { SCOPE = SPFILE
| SID = { 'sid' | '*' }
}...
]
```

alter_system_security

```
{ { ENABLE | DISABLE } RESTRICTED SESSION
| SET ENCRYPTION WALLET OPEN IDENTIFIED BY "password"
| SET ENCRYPTION WALLET CLOSE
| SET ENCRYPTION KEY [ "certificate_id" ] IDENTIFIED BY "password"
}
```

alter_system_set_clause

```
{ set_parameter_clause
| USE_STORED_OUTLINES = (TRUE | FALSE | category_name)
| GLOBAL_TOPIC_ENABLED = (TRUE | FALSE)
}
```

alter_table_partitioning

```
{ modify_table_defaultAttrs
| alter_interval_partitioning
| set_subpartition_template
| modify_table_partition
| modify_table_subpartition
| move_table_partition
| move_table_subpartition
| add_table_partition
| coalesce_table_partition
| coalesce_table_subpartition
| drop_table_partition
| drop_table_subpartition
| rename_partition_subpart
| truncate_partition_subpart
| split_table_partition
| split_table_subpartition
| merge_table_partitions
| merge_table_subpartitions
| exchange_partition_subpart
}
```

alter_table_properties

```
{ { physical_attributes_clause
| logging_clause
| table_compression
| supplemental_table_logging
| allocate_extent_clause
| deallocate_unused_clause
| { CACHE | NOCACHE }
| upgrade_table_clause
| records_per_block_clause
| parallel_clause
| row_movement_clause
| flashback_archive_clause
}
```

```
    }...
  | RENAME TO new_table_name
  } [ alter_iot_clauses ] [ alter_xmlschema_clause ]
| { shrink_clause
  | READ ONLY
  | READ WRITE
  | REKEY encryption_spec
}
}
```

alter_tempfile_clause

```
TEMPFILE
{ 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
| filenumber [, filenumber ]...
}
{ RESIZE size_clause
| autoextend_clause
| DROP [ INCLUDING DATAFILES ]
| ONLINE
| OFFLINE
}
```

alter_varray_col_properties

```
MODIFY VARRAY varray_item
( modify_LOB_parameters )
```

alter_XMLSchemas_clause

```
{ ADD | REMOVE } multiple_XMLSchema_spec
[ ALLOW ANYSCHEMA
| ALLOW NONSCHEMA
| DISALLOW NONSCHEMA
]
```

analytic_clause

```
[ query_partition_clause ]
[ order_by_clause [ windowing_clause ] ]
```

archive_log_clause

```
ARCHIVE LOG
[ INSTANCE 'instance_name' ]
{ { SEQUENCE integer
| CHANGE integer
| CURRENT [ NOSWITCH ]
| GROUP integer
| LOGFILE 'filename'
  [ USING BACKUP CONTROLFILE ]
| NEXT
| ALL
}
[ TO 'location' ]
| STOP
}
```

array_DML_clause

```
[ WITH | WITHOUT ]
ARRAY DML
[ ([ schema. ]type
[, [ schema. ]varray_type ])
[, ([ schema. ]type
```

```
[, [ schema. ]varray_type ])...
]
```

ASM_filename

```
{ fully_qualified_file_name
| numeric_file_name
| incomplete_file_name
| alias_file_name
}
```

attribute_clause

```
ATTRIBUTE level DETERMINES
{ dependent_column
| ( dependent_column
[, dependent_column ]... )
}
```

audit_operation_clause

```
{ { sql_statement_shortcut
| ALL
} [, { sql_statement_shortcut
| ALL
}
]
| { system_privilege
| ALL PRIVILEGES
} [, { system_privilege
| ALL PRIVILEGES
}
]
}
} [ auditing_by_clause ]
```

audit_schema_object_clause

```
{ sql_operation [, object_option]
| ALL
} auditing_on_clause
```

auditing_by_clause

```
BY { proxy [, proxy ]...
| user [, user ]...
}
```

auditing_on_clause

```
ON { [ schema. ] object
| DIRECTORY directory_name
| MINING MODEL [ schema. ] model
| DEFAULT
}
```

autoextend_clause

```
AUTOEXTEND
{ OFF
| ON [ NEXT size_clause ]
[ maxsize_clause ]
}
```

binding_clause

```
BINDING
```

```
(parameter_type [, parameter_type ]...)
RETURN return_type
[ implementation_clause ]
using_function_clause
[, (parameter_type [, parameter_type ]...)
RETURN return_type
[ implementation_clause ]
using_function_clause
]...
```

bitmap_join_index_clause

```
[ schema.]table
( [ [ schema. ]table. | t_alias. ]column
[ ASC | DESC ]
[, [ [ schema. ]table. | t_alias. ]column
[ ASC | DESC ]
]...
)
FROM [ schema. ]table [ t_alias ]
[, [ schema. ]table [ t_alias ]
]...
WHERE condition
[ local_partitioned_index ] index_attributes
```

build_clause

```
BUILD { IMMEDIATE | DEFERRED }
```

cell_assignment

```
measure_column [ { { condition
| expr
| single_column_for_loop
}
[, { condition
| expr
| single_column_for_loop
}
]
...
| multi_column_for_loop
}
]
```

Note: The outer square brackets are part of the syntax.
In this case, they do not indicate optionality.

cell_reference_options

```
[ { IGNORE | KEEP } NAV ]
[ UNIQUE { DIMENSION | SINGLE REFERENCE } ]
```

character_set_clause

```
CHARACTER SET character_set
```

check_datafiles_clause

```
CHECK DATAFILES [ GLOBAL | LOCAL ]
```

check_diskgroup_clause

```
CHECK [ REPAIR | NOREPAIR ]
```

checkpoint_clause

CHECKPOINT [GLOBAL | LOCAL]

cluster_index_clause

CLUSTER [schema.] cluster index_attributes

coalesce_index_partition

COALESCE PARTITION [parallel_clause]

coalesce_table_partition

COALESCE PARTITION [update_index_clauses] [parallel_clause]

coalesce_table_subpartition

COALESCE SUBPARTITION subpartition [update_index_clauses] [parallel_clause]

column_association

```
COLUMNS [ schema. ]table.column
        [, [ schema. ]table.column ]...
        using_statistics_type
```

column_clauses

```
{ { add_column_clause
    | modify_column_clause
    | drop_column_clause
    }...
| rename_column_clause
| { modify_collection_retrieval }...
| { modify_LOB_storage_clause }...
| { alter_varray_col_properties }...
}
```

column_definition

```
column datatype [ SORT ]
    [ DEFAULT expr ]
    [ ENCRYPT encryption_spec ]
    [ ( { inline_constraint }... )
    | inline_ref_constraint
    ]
```

column_properties

```
{ object_type_col_properties
| nested_table_col_properties
| { varray_col_properties | LOB_storage_clause }
    [ (LOB_partition_storage [, LOB_partition_storage ]...) ]
| XMLType_column_properties
}...
```

commit_switchover_clause

```
{ PREPARE | COMMIT } TO SWITCHOVER
[ TO { { PHYSICAL | LOGICAL } PRIMARY
    | [ PHYSICAL ] STANDBY
    [ { WITH | WITHOUT } SESSION SHUTDOWN
```

```
    { WAIT | NOWAIT }
]
| LOGICAL STANDBY
}
| CANCEL
]
```

composite_list_partitions

```
PARTITION BY LIST ( column )
{ subpartition_by_range
| subpartition_by_hash
| subpartition_by_list
}
( { PARTITION [partition] list_partition_desc }... )
```

composite_range_partitions

```
PARTITION BY RANGE ( column [, column]... )
[ INTERVAL ( expr ) STORE IN ( tablespace [, tablespace]... ) ]
{ subpartition_by_range
| subpartition_by_list
| subpartition_by_hash
}
( { PARTITION [partition] range_partition_desc }... )
```

conditional_insert_clause

```
[ ALL | FIRST ]
WHEN condition
THEN insert_into_clause
[ values_clause ]
[ error_logging_clause ]
[ insert_into_clause [ values_clause ] [ error_logging_clause ] ]...
[ WHEN condition
THEN insert_into_clause
[ values_clause ]
[ error_logging_clause ]
[ insert_into_clause [ values_clause ] [ error_logging_clause ] ]...
]...
[ ELSE insert_into_clause
[ values_clause ]
[ error_logging_clause ]
[ insert_into_clause [ values_clause ] [ error_logging_clause ] ]...
]
```

constraint

```
{ inline_constraint
| out_of_line_constraint
| inline_ref_constraint
| out_of_line_ref_constraint
}
```

constraint_clauses

```
{ ADD { { out_of_line_constraint }...
| out_of_line_REF_constraint
}
| MODIFY { CONSTRAINT constraint
| PRIMARY KEY
| UNIQUE (column [, column ]...)
} constraint_state
| RENAME CONSTRAINT old_name TO new_name
```

```
| drop_constraint_clause
}
```

constraint_state

```
[ [ [ NOT ] DEFERRABLE ]
| INITIALLY { IMMEDIATE | DEFERRED } ]
| [ INITIALLY { IMMEDIATE | DEFERRED } ]
| [ NOT ] DEFERRABLE
]
[ RELY | NORELY ]
[ using_index_clause ]
[ ENABLE | DISABLE ]
[ VALIDATE | NOVALIDATE ]
[ exceptions_clause ]
```

context_clause

```
[ WITH INDEX CONTEXT,
  SCAN CONTEXT implementation_type
  [ COMPUTE ANCILLARY DATA ]
]
[ WITH COLUMN CONTEXT ]
```

controlfile_clauses

```
{ CREATE [ LOGICAL | PHYSICAL ]
  STANDBY CONTROLFILE AS
  'filename' [ REUSE ]
| BACKUP CONTROLFILE TO
  { 'filename' [ REUSE ]
  | trace_file_clause
  }
}
}
```

convert_database_clause

```
CONVERT TO ( PHYSICAL | SNAPSHOT ) STANDBY
```

cost_matrix_clause

```
COST
{ MODEL [AUTO]
| ( class_value [, class_value]... )
  VALUES ( ( cost_value [, cost_value]...)
    [ , (cost_value [, cost_value]... ) ]...
  )
}
```

create_datafile_clause

```
CREATE DATAFILE
{ 'filename' | filenumber }
[, 'filename' | filenumber ]...
|
[ AS { file_specification
  [, file_specification ]...
  | NEW
  }
]
```

create_mv_refresh

```
{ REFRESH
{ { FAST | COMPLETE | FORCE }
| { ON DEMAND
```

```
| ON COMMIT
|
| { START WITH | NEXT } date
| WITH { PRIMARY KEY | ROWID }
| USING
    { DEFAULT [ MASTER | LOCAL ] ROLLBACK SEGMENT
    | [ MASTER | LOCAL ] ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment
    }...
|
| USING
    { ENFORCED | TRUSTED } CONSTRAINTS
}...
|
| NEVER REFRESH
}
```

database_file_clauses

```
{ RENAME FILE 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
    TO 'filename'
|
| create_datafile_clause
| alter_datafile_clause
| alter_tempfile_clause
}
```

database_logging_clauses

```
{ LOGFILE
    [ GROUP integer ] file_specification
    [, [ GROUP integer ] file_specification ]...
|
| MAXLOGFILES integer
| MAXLOGMEMBERS integer
| MAXLOGHISTORY integer
| { ARCHIVELOG | NOARCHIVELOG }
| FORCE LOGGING
}
```

datafile_tempfile_clauses

```
{ ADD { DATAFILE | TEMPFILE }
    [ file_specification [, file_specification ]... ]
|
| DROP {DATAFILE | TEMPFILE } { 'filename' | file_number }
| SHRINK TEMPFILE { 'filename' | file_number } [KEEP size_clause]
| RENAME DATAFILE 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
    TO 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
|
| { DATAFILE | TEMPFILE } { ONLINE | OFFLINE }
}
```

datafile_tempfile_spec

```
[ 'filename' | 'ASM_filename' ]
[ SIZE size_clause ]
[ REUSE ]
[ autoextend_clause ]
```

dblink

```
database[.domain [.domain ]... ]
[ @ connect_descriptor ]
```

dblink_authentication

```
AUTHENTICATED BY user IDENTIFIED BY password
```

db_user_proxy

```
db_user_proxy
[ WITH
  { ROLE { role_name [, role_name]...
    | ALL EXCEPT role_name [, role_name]...
  }
  | NO ROLES
}
]
[ AUTHENTICATION REQUIRED ]
```

deallocate_unused_clause

```
DEALLOCATE UNUSED [ KEEP size_clause ]
```

default_cost_clause

```
DEFAULT COST (cpu_cost, io_cost, network_cost)
```

default_selectivity_clause

```
DEFAULT SELECTIVITY default_selectivity
```

default_tablespace

```
DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace
[ DATAFILE datafile_tempfile_spec ]
extent_management_clause
```

default_settings_clauses

```
{ SET DEFAULT
  { BIGFILE | SMALLFILE } TABLESPACE
| DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace
| DEFAULT TEMPORARY TABLESPACE
  { tablespace | tablespace_group_name }
| RENAME GLOBAL_NAME TO
  database.domain [.domain ]...
| { ENABLE BLOCK CHANGE TRACKING
    [ USING FILE 'filename' [ REUSE ] ]
  | DISABLE BLOCK CHANGE TRACKING
}
| flashback_mode_clause
| set_time_zone_clause
}
```

default_temp_tablespace

```
[ BIGFILE | SMALLFILE ]
DEFAULT TEMPORARY TABLESPACE tablespace
[ TEMPFILE file_specification [, file_specification ]...]
extent_management_clause
```

dependent_tables_clause

```
DEPENDENT TABLES
( table ( partition_spec [, partition_spec]...
  [, table ( partition_spec [, partition_spec]... ]
)
)
```

dimension_join_clause

```
{ JOIN KEY
  { child_key_column
  | (child_key_column [, child_key_column ]...)
  }
  REFERENCES parent_level
}...
```

disk_offline_clause

```
OFFLINE
{ DISK disk_name [, disk_name ] ...
| DISKS IN FAILGROUP failgroup_name [, failgroup_name ]...
} ... [timeout_clause]
```

disk_online_clause

```
ONLINE
{ { DISK disk_name [, disk_name]...
| DISKS IN FAILGROUP failgroup_name [, failgroup_name]...
} ...
| ALL
} [ WAIT | NOWAIT ]
```

diskgroup_alias_clauses

```
{ ADD ALIAS
  'alias_name' FOR 'filename'
  [, 'alias_name' FOR 'filename' ]...
| DROP ALIAS 'alias_name' [, 'alias_name' ]...
| RENAME ALIAS
  'old_alias_name' TO 'new_alias_name'
  [, 'old_alias_name' TO 'new_alias_name' ]...
}
```

diskgroup_attributes

```
SET ATTRIBUTE 'attribute_name' = 'attribute_value'
```

diskgroup_availability

```
{ MOUNT [ RESTRICTED | NORMAL ]
  [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
| DISMOUNT [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
}
```

diskgroup_directory_clauses

```
{ ADD DIRECTORY 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
| DROP DIRECTORY
  'filename' [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
  [, 'filename' [ FORCE | NOFORCE ] ]...
| RENAME DIRECTORY
  'old_dir_name' TO 'new_dir_name'
  [, 'old_dir_name' TO 'new_dir_name' ]...
}
```

diskgroup_template_clauses

```
{ { ADD | MODIFY } TEMPLATE template_name
    qualified_template_clause [, qualified_template_clause ]...
| DROP TEMPLATE template_name [, template_name ]...
}
```

distributed_recov_clauses

```
{ ENABLE | DISABLE } DISTRIBUTED RECOVERY
```

dml_event_clause***dml_table_expression_clause***

```
{ [ schema. ]
  { table
    [ partition_extension_clause
    | @ dblink
    ]
  | { view | materialized view } [ @ dblink ]
  }
| ( subquery [ subquery_restriction_clause ] )
| table_collection_expression
}
```

domain_index_clause

```
indextype
[ local_domain_index_clause ]
[ parallel_clause ]
[ PARAMETERS ('ODCI_parameters') ]
```

drop_binding_clause

```
DROP BINDING (parameter_type [, parameter_type ]...)
[ FORCE ]
```

drop_column_clause

```
{ SET UNUSED { COLUMN column
  | (column [, column ]...)
  }
| { CASCADE CONSTRAINTS | INVALIDATE }...
| DROP { COLUMN column
  | (column [, column ]...)
  }
| { CASCADE CONSTRAINTS | INVALIDATE }...
| CHECKPOINT integer
| DROP { UNUSED COLUMNS
  | COLUMNS CONTINUE
  }
| CHECKPOINT integer
}
```

drop_constraint_clause

```
DROP
{ { PRIMARY KEY
  | UNIQUE (column [, column ]...)
  }
| { CASCADE
  | { KEEP | DROP } INDEX
  }
```

```
| CONSTRAINT constraint  
|   [ CASCADE ]  
}
```

drop_disk_clauses

```
DROP  
{ DISK  
    disk_name [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]  
    [, disk_name [ FORCE | NOFORCE ] ]...  
| DISKS IN FAILGROUP  
    failgroup_name [ FORCE | NOFORCE ]  
    [, failgroup_name [ FORCE | NOFORCE ] ]...  
}
```

drop_diskgroup_file_clause

```
DROP FILE 'filename' [, 'filename' ]...
```

drop_index_partition

```
DROP PARTITION partition_name
```

drop_logfile_clauses

```
DROP [ STANDBY ] LOGFILE  
{ logfile_descriptor  
  [, logfile_descriptor ]...  
| MEMBER 'filename'  
  [, 'filename' ]...  
}
```

drop_table_partition

```
DROP partition_extended_name  
[ update_index_clauses [ parallel_clause ] ]
```

drop_table_subpartition

```
DROP subpartition_extended_name  
[ update_index_clauses [ parallel_clause ] ]
```

ds_iso_format

```
[ - ] P [days D] T [hours H] [minutes M]  
[seconds [. frac_secs] S]
```

else_clause

```
ELSE else_expr
```

enable_disable_clause

```
{ ENABLE | DISABLE }  
[ VALIDATE | NOVALIDATE ]  
{ UNIQUE (column [, column ]...)  
| PRIMARY KEY  
| CONSTRAINT constraint  
}  
[ using_index_clause ]  
[ exceptions_clause ]  
[ CASCADE ]  
[ { KEEP | DROP } INDEX ]
```

end_session_clauses

```
{ DISCONNECT SESSION 'integer1, integer2'
```

```

        [ POST_TRANSACTION ]
| KILL SESSION 'integer1, integer2 [, @integer3]'
}
[ IMMEDIATE ]

```

encryption_spec

```

[ USING 'encrypt_algorithm' ]
[ IDENTIFIED BY password ]
[ [ NO ] SALT ]

```

error_logging_clause

```

LOG ERRORS
[ INTO [schema.] table ]
[ (simple_expression) ]
[ REJECT LIMIT { integer | UNLIMITED } ]

```

exceptions_clause

```
EXCEPTIONS INTO [ schema. ] table
```

exchange_partition_subpart

```

EXCHANGE { partition_extended_name
        | subpartition_extended_name
        }
WITH TABLE table
[ { INCLUDING | EXCLUDING } INDEXES ]
[ { WITH | WITHOUT } VALIDATION ]
[ exceptions_clause ]
[ update_index_clauses [ parallel_clause ] ]

```

expr

```

{ simple_expression
| compound_expression
| case_expression
| cursor_expression
| datetime_expression
| function_expression
| interval_expression
| object_access_expression
| scalar_subquery_expression
| model_expression
| type_constructor_expression
| variable_expression
}

```

expression_list

```

{ expr [, expr ]...
| (expr [, expr ]...)
}

```

extended_attribute_clause

```

ATTRIBUTE attribute
{ LEVEL level
DETERMINES { dependent_column
        | (dependent_column [, dependent_column ]... )
}
}...

```

extent_management_clause

```
EXTENT MANAGEMENT
  { LOCAL
    [ AUTOALLOCATE
    | UNIFORM [ SIZE size_clause ]
    ]
  | DICTIONARY
  }
```

external_data_properties

```
DEFAULT DIRECTORY directory
[ ACCESS PARAMETERS
  { (opaque_format_spec)
  | USING CLOB subquery
  }
]
LOCATION
  ([ directory: ] 'location_specifier'
  [, [ directory: ] 'location_specifier' ]...
  )
```

external_table_clause

```
([ TYPE access_driver_type ]
  external_data_properties
)
[ REJECT LIMIT { integer | UNLIMITED } ]
```

file_specification

```
{ datafile_tempfile_spec
| redo_log_file_spec
}
```

flashback_mode_clause

```
FLASHBACK { ON | OFF }
```

flashback_query_clause

```
[ VERSIONS BETWEEN
  { SCN | TIMESTAMP }
  { expr | MINVALUE } AND
  { expr | MAXVALUE }
]
AS OF { SCN | TIMESTAMP } expr
```

for_update_clause

```
FOR UPDATE
  [ OF [ [ schema. ] { table | view } . ] column
  [, [ [ schema. ] { table | view } . ] column
  ]...
]
[ { NOWAIT | WAIT integer
  | SKIP LOCKED
  }
]
```

full_database_recovery

```
[ STANDBY ] DATABASE
[ { UNTIL { CANCEL
```

```

    | TIME date
    | CHANGE integer
    }
| USING BACKUP CONTROLFILE
}...
]

```

fully_qualified_file_name

```
+diskgroup_name/db_name/file_type/
file_type_tag.filenumber.incarnation_number
```

function_association

```

{ FUNCTIONS
  [ schema. ]function [, [ schema. ]function ]...
| PACKAGES
  [ schema. ]package [, [ schema. ]package ]...
| TYPES
  [ schema. ]type [, [ schema. ]type ]...
| INDEXES
  [ schema. ]index [, [ schema. ]index ]...
| INDEXTYPES
  [ schema. ]indextype [, [ schema. ]indextype ]...
}
{ using_statistics_type
| { default_cost_clause [, default_selectivity_clause ]
| default_selectivity_clause [, default_cost_clause ]
}
}
```

general_recovery

```

RECOVER
[ AUTOMATIC ]
[ FROM 'location' ]
{ { full_database_recovery
| partial_database_recovery
| LOGFILE 'filename'
}
[ { TEST
| ALLOW integer CORRUPTION
| parallel_clause
}...
]
| CONTINUE [ DEFAULT ]
| CANCEL
}
```

global_partitioned_index

```

GLOBAL PARTITION BY
{ RANGE (column_list)
  (index_partitioning_clause)
| HASH (column_list)
  { individual_hash_partitions
  | hash_partitions_by_quantity
  }
}
```

grant_object_privileges

```
{ object_privilege | ALL [ PRIVILEGES ] }
```

```
[ (column [, column]...) ]
[, { object_privilege | ALL [ PRIVILEGES ] }
  (column [, column]...) ]
]...
on_object_clause
TO grantee_clause
[ WITH HIERARCHY OPTION ]
[ WITH GRANT OPTION ]
```

grant_system_privileges

```
{ system_privilege
| role
| ALL PRIVILEGES
}
[, { system_privilege
| role
| ALL PRIVILEGES
}
]
]...
TO grantee_clause
[ WITH ADMIN OPTION ]
```

grantee_clause

```
{ user [ IDENTIFIED BY password ]
| role
| PUBLIC
}
[, { user [ IDENTIFIED BY password ]
| role
| PUBLIC
}
]
]...
```

group_by_clause

```
GROUP BY
{ expr
| rollup_cube_clause
| grouping_sets_clause
}
[, { expr
| rollup_cube_clause
| grouping_sets_clause
}
]
]...
[ HAVING condition ]
```

grouping_expression_list

```
expression_list [, expression_list ]...
```

grouping_sets_clause

```
GROUPING SETS
({ rollup_cube_clause | grouping_expression_list })
```

hash_partitions

```
PARTITION BY HASH (column [, column] ...)
{ individual_hash_partitions
| hash_partitions_by_quantity
}
```

hash_partitions_by_quantity

```
PARTITIONS hash_partition_quantity
[ STORE IN (tablespace [, tablespace]...) ]
[ key_compression | table_compression ]
[ OVERFLOW STORE IN (tablespace [, tablespace]...) ]
```

hash_subparts_by_quantity

```
SUBPARTITIONS integer [STORE IN ( tablespace [, tablespace]... )]
```

hierarchical_query_clause

```
{ CONNECT BY [ NOCYCLE ] condition [AND condition]... [ START WITH condition ]
| START WITH condition CONNECT BY [ NOCYCLE ] condition [AND condition]...
}
```

hierarchy_clause

```
HIERARCHY hierarchy
(child_level { CHILD OF parent_level }...
[ dimension_join_clause ]
)
```

implementation_clause

```
{ ANCILLARY TO primary_operator
( parameter_type [, parameter_type]...)
[, primary_operator
( parameter_type [, parameter_type]...)
]...
| context_clause
}
```

incomplete_file_name

```
+diskgroup_name [ (template_name) ]
```

index_attributes

```
[ { physical_attributes_clause
| logging_clause
| ONLINE
| TABLESPACE { tablespace | DEFAULT }
| key_compression
| { SORT | NOSORT }
| REVERSE
| VISIBLE | INVISIBLE
| parallel_clause
}...
]
```

index_expr

```
{ column | column_expression }
```

index_org_overflow_clause

```
[ INCLUDING column_name ]
OVERFLOW [ segment_attributes_clause ]
```

index_org_table_clause

```
[ { mapping_table_clause  
  | PCTTHRESHOLD integer  
  | key_compression  
  }...  
]  
[ index_org_overflow_clause ]
```

index_partition_description

```
PARTITION  
[ partition  
  [ { segment_attributes_clause  
    | key_compression  
    }...  
  | ( PARAMETERS 'ODCI_parameters' )  
  ]  
]
```

index_partitioning_clause

```
PARTITION [ partition ]  
VALUES LESS THAN (literal[, literal]...)  
[ segment_attributes_clause ]
```

index_properties

```
[ { { global_partitioned_index  
    | local_partitioned_index  
    }  
  | index_attributes  
  }...  
| INDEXTYPE IS { domain_index_clause  
                  | XMLTable_index_clause  
                  | XMLIndex_clause  
                }  
]
```

index_subpartition_clause

```
{ STORE IN (tablespace[, tablespace]...)  
| (SUBPARTITION  
  [ subpartition ][ TABLESPACE tablespace ] [ key_compression ]  
  [, SUBPARTITION  
    [ subpartition ][ TABLESPACE tablespace ] [ key_compression ]  
  ]...  
)
```

individual_hash_partitions

```
( PARTITION  
  [partition] [partitioning_storage_clause ]]  
  [, [partition] [partitioning_storage_clause ]]]...  
)
```

individual_hash_subparts

```
SUBPARTITION [subpartition] [partitioning_storage_clause]
```

inline_constraint

```
[ CONSTRAINT constraint_name ]
{ [ NOT ] NULL
| UNIQUE
| PRIMARY KEY
| references_clause
| CHECK (condition)
}
[ constraint_state ]
```

inline_ref_constraint

```
{ SCOPE IS [ schema. ] scope_table
| WITH ROWID
| [ CONSTRAINT constraint_name ]
| references_clause
| [ constraint_state ]
}
```

inner_cross_join_clause

```
{ [ INNER ] JOIN table_reference
{ ON condition
| USING (column [, column ]...)
}
| { CROSS
| NATURAL [ INNER ]
}
JOIN table_reference
}
```

insert_into_clause

```
INTO dml_table_expression_clause [ t_alias ]
[ (column [, column ]...) ]
```

instance_clauses

```
{ ENABLE | DISABLE } INSTANCE 'instance_name'
```

integer

```
[ + | - ] digit [ digit ]...
```

interval_day_to_second

```
INTERVAL
'{ integer | integer time_expr | time_expr }'
{ { DAY | HOUR | MINUTE }
[ (leading_precision) ]
| SECOND
[ (leading_precision
[, fractional_seconds_precision ]
)
]
}
[ TO { DAY | HOUR | MINUTE | SECOND
[ (fractional_seconds_precision) ]
}
]
```

interval_year_to_month

```
INTERVAL 'integer [- integer ]'
{ YEAR | MONTH } [ (precision) ]
```

[TO { YEAR | MONTH }]

into_clause

INTO [schema.] table

invoker_rights_clause

AUTHID { CURRENT_USER | DEFINER }

join_clause

table_reference
{ inner_cross_join_clause | outer_join_clause }...

key_compression

{ COMPRESS [integer]
| NOCOMPRESS
}

level_clause

LEVEL level IS
{ level_table.level_column
| (level_table.level_column
[, level_table.level_column]...
)
}

list_partitions

PARTITION BY LIST (column)
(PARTITION [partition]
list_values_clause table_partition_description
, PARTITION [partition]
list_values_clause table_partition_description
]...
)

list_values_clause

VALUES ({ literal | NULL }
[, { literal | NULL }]...
| DEFAULT
)

LOB_compression_clause

{ COMPRESS [HIGH | MEDIUM]
| NOCOMPRESS
}

LOB_deduplicate_clause

{ DEDUPLICATE
| KEEP_DUPLICATES
}

LOB_parameters

{ { ENABLE | DISABLE } STORAGE IN ROW

```

| CHUNK integer
| PCTVERSION integer
| FREEPOOLS integer
| LOB_retention_clause
| LOB_deduplicate_clause
| LOB_compression_clause
| { ENCRYPT encryption_spec | DECRYPT }
| { CACHE
  | { NOCACHE | CACHE READS } [ logging_clause ]
}
}...
}
```

LOB_partition_storage

```
PARTITION partition
{ LOB_storage_clause | varray_col_properties }...
[ (SUBPARTITION subpartition
  { LOB_partitioning_storage | varray_col_properties }...
)
]
```

LOB_retention_storage

```
RETENTION [ MAX | MIN integer | AUTO | NONE ]
```

local_domain_index_clause

```
LOCAL
[ ( PARTITION partition [ PARAMETERS ('ODCI_parameters' ) ]
  [, PARTITION partition [ PARAMETERS ('ODCI_parameters' ) ] ]...
)
]
```

local_XMLIndex_clause

```
LOCAL
[ ( PARTITION partition [ PARAMETERS ('XMLIndex_Parameters') ]
  [, PARTITION partition [ PARAMETERS ('XMLIndex_Parameters') ] ]...
)
]
```

LOB_storage_clause

```
LOB
{ (LOB_item [, LOB_item ]...)
  STORE AS { {SECUREFILE | BASICFILE}
            | (LOB_storage_parameters)
          }...
| (LOB_item)
  STORE AS { {SECUREFILE | BASICFILE}
            | LOB_segnname
            | (LOB_storage_parameters)
          }...
}
```

LOB_storage_parameters

```
LOB
{ (LOB_item [, LOB_item ]...)
  STORE AS { {SECUREFILE | BASICFILE}
            | (LOB_storage_parameters)
          }...
| (LOB_item)
```

```
STORE AS { {SECUREFILE | BASICFILE}
          | LOB_segnane
          | (LOB_storage_parameters)
        }...
}
```

local_partitioned_index

```
LOCAL
[ on_range_partitioned_table
| on_list_partitioned_table
| on_hash_partitioned_table
| on_comp_partitioned_table
]
```

logfile_clause

```
LOGFILE
[ GROUP integer ] file_specification
[, [ GROUP integer ] file_specification ]...
```

logfile_clauses

```
{ { ARCHIVELOG [ MANUAL ]
    | NOARCHIVELOG
  }
| [ NO ] FORCE LOGGING
| RENAME FILE 'filename' [, 'filename']...
  TO 'filename'
| CLEAR [ UNARCHIVED ]
  LOGFILE logfile_descriptor [, logfile_descriptor ]...
    [ UNRECOVERABLE DATAFILE ]
| add_logfile_clauses
| drop_logfile_clauses
| supplemental_db_logging
}
```

logfile_descriptor

```
{ GROUP integer
| ('filename' [, 'filename']...)
| 'filename'
}
```

logging_clause

```
{ LOGGING | NOLOGGING | FILESYSTEM_LIKE_LOGGING }
```

main_model

```
[ MAIN main_model_name ]
model_column_clauses
[ cell_reference_options ]
model_rules_clause
```

managed_standby_recovery

```
RECOVER
{ MANAGED STANDBY DATABASE
  [ { USING CURRENT LOGFILE
    | DISCONNECT [FROM SESSION]
    | NODELAY
    | UNTIL CHANGE integer
  }...
  | FINISH
  | CANCEL
}
```

```

        ]
| TO LOGICAL STANDBY { db_name | KEEP IDENTITY }
}

```

mapping_table_clauses

```
{ MAPPING TABLE | NOMAPPING }
```

materialized_view_props

```
[ column_properties ]
[ table_partitioning_clauses ]
[ CACHE | NOCACHE ]
[ parallel_clause ]
[ build_clause ]
```

maximize_standby_db_clause

```
SET STANDBY DATABASE TO MAXIMIZE
{ PROTECTION | AVAILABILITY | PERFORMANCE }
```

maxsize_clause

```
MAXSIZE { UNLIMITED | size_clause }
```

merge_insert_clause

```
WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN
INSERT [ (column [, column]...) ]
VALUES ({ expr [, expr]... | DEFAULT })
[ where_clause ]
```

merge_table_partitions

```
MERGE PARTITIONS partition_extended_name, partition_extended_name
[ INTO partition_spec ]
[ dependent_tables_clause ]
[ update_index_clauses ]
[ parallel_clause ]
```

merge_table_subpartitions

```
MERGE SUBPARTITIONS partition_extended_name, partition_extended_name
[ INTO { range_subpartition_desc
        | list_subpartition_desc
      }
]
[ dependent_tables_clause ]
[ update_index_clauses ]
[ parallel_clause ]
```

merge_update_clause

```
WHEN MATCHED THEN
UPDATE SET column = { expr | DEFAULT }
           [, column = { expr | DEFAULT } ]...
[ where_clause ]
[ DELETE where_clause ]
```

mining_attribute_clause

```
USING
{ *
| { [ schema . ] table . *
| expr [ AS alias ]
}
```

```
[, { [ schema . ] table . *
      | expr [ AS alias ]
      }
   ]...
}
```

model_clause

```
MODEL
  [ cell_reference_options ]
  [ return_rows_clause ]
  [ reference_model ]...
main_model
```

model_column

```
expr [ [ AS ] c_alias ]
```

model_column_clauses

```
[ PARTITION BY expr [ c_alias ] [, expr [c_alias] ]...
DIMENSION BY (expr [c_alias] [, expr [c_alias] ]...)
MEASURES (expr [c_alias] [, expr [c_alias] ]...)
```

model_iterate_clause

```
ITERATE ( number ) [ UNTIL ( condition ) ]
```

model_rules_clause

```
[ RULES
  [ { UPDATE | UPSERT [ ALL ] } ]
  [ { AUTOMATIC | SEQUENTIAL } ORDER ]
  [ model_iterate_clause ]
]
( [ { UPDATE | UPSERT [ ALL ] } ]
cell_assignment [ order_by_clause ] = expr
  [, [ { UPDATE | UPSERT [ ALL ] } ]
    cell_assignment [ order_by_clause ] = expr
  ]...
)
```

modify_col_properties

```
column [ datatype ]
  [ DEFAULT expr ]
  [ { ENCRYPT encryption_spec | DECRYPT } ]
  [ inline_constraint ... ]
  [ LOB_storage_clause ]
  [ alter_XMLSchemas_clause ]
```

modify_col_substitutable

```
COLUMN column
[ NOT ] SUBSTITUTABLE AT ALL LEVELS
[ FORCE ]
```

modify_collection_retrieval

```
MODIFY NESTED TABLE collection_item
RETURN AS { LOCATOR | VALUE }
```

modify_column_clauses

```
MODIFY { (modify_col_properties [, modify_col_properties] ...)
         | modify_col_substitutable
         }
```

modify_hash_partition

```
MODIFY partition_extended_name
{ partition_attributes
| alter_mapping_table_clause
| [ REBUILD ] UNUSABLE LOCAL INDEXES
}
```

modify_index_default_attrs

```
MODIFY DEFAULT ATTRIBUTES
[ FOR PARTITION partition ]
{ physical_attributes_clause
| TABLESPACE { tablespace | DEFAULT }
| logging_clause
}...
```

modify_index_partition

```
MODIFY PARTITION partition
{ { deallocate_unused_clause
| allocate_extent_clause
| physical_attributes_clause
| logging_clause
| key_compression
}...
| PARAMETERS ('ODCI_parameters')
| COALESCE
| UPDATE BLOCK REFERENCES
| UNUSABLE
}
```

modify_index_subpartition

```
MODIFY SUBPARTITION subpartition
{ UNUSABLE
| allocate_extent_clause
| deallocate_unused_clause
}
```

modify_list_partition

```
MODIFY partition_extended_name
{ partition_attributes
| { ADD | DROP } VALUES (literal[ , literal ]...)
| { add_range_subpartition
| add_list_subpartition
| add_hash_subpartition
}
| COALESCE SUBPARTITION [ update_index_clauses ][ parallel_clause ]
| [ REBUILD ] UNUSABLE LOCAL INDEXES
}
```

modify_LOB_parameters

```
{ storage_clause
| PCTVERSION integer
| FREEPOOLS integer
```

```
| REBUILD FREEPOOLS
| LOB_retention_clause
| LOB_deduplicate_clause
| LOB_compression_clause
| { ENCRYPT encryption_spec | DECRYPT }
| { CACHE
  | { NOCACHE | CACHE READS } [ logging_clause ]
}
| allocate_extent_clause
| shrink_clause
| deallocate_unused_clause
} ...
```

modify_LOB_storage_clause

```
MODIFY LOB (LOB_item)
  (modify_LOB_parameters)
```

modify_range_partition

```
MODIFY partition_extended_name
  { partition_attributes
  | { add_range_subpartition
    | add_hash_subpartition
    | add_list_subpartition
  }
  | COALESCE SUBPARTITION
    [ update_index_clauses ]
    [ parallel_clause ]
  | alter_mapping_table_clause
  | [ REBUILD ] UNUSABLE LOCAL INDEXES
}
```

modify_table_defaultAttrs

```
MODIFY DEFAULT ATTRIBUTES
  [ FOR partition_extended_name ]
  [ segment_attributes_clause ]
  [ table_compression ]
  [ PCTTHRESHOLD integer ]
  [ key_compression ]
  [ alter_overflow_clause ]
  [ { LOB (LOB_item) | VARRAY varray } (LOB_parameters) ]...
```

modify_table_partition

```
{ modify_range_partition
| modify_hash_partition
| modify_list_partition
}
```

modify_table_subpartition

```
MODIFY subpartition_extended_name
{ allocate_extent_clause
| deallocate_unused_cluse
| shrink_clause
| { { LOB LOB_item | VARRAY varray } (modify_LOB_parameters) }...
| [ REBUILD ] UNUSABLE LOCAL INDEXES
| { ADD | DROP } VALUES ( literal [, literal]... )
}
```

move_table_clause

```
MOVE [ ONLINE ]
```

```
[ segment_attributes_clause ]
[ table_compression ]
[ index_org_table_clause ]
[ { LOB_storage_clause | varray_col_properties }... ]
[ parallel_clause ]
```

move_table_partition

```
MOVE partition_extended_name
  [ MAPPING TABLE ]
  [ table_partition_description ]
  [ update_index_clauses ]
  [ parallel_clause ]
```

move_table_subpartition

```
MOVE SUBPARTITION
  { range_subpartition_desc
  | list_subpartition_desc
  | hash_subpartition_desc
  } [ update_index_clauses ] [ parallel_clause ]
```

multi_column_for_loop

```
FOR (dimension_column
      [, dimension_column ]...)
IN ( { (literal [, literal ]...)
      [ (literal [, literal ]...) ]...
      | subquery
      }
    )
```

multi_table_insert

```
{ ALL
  { insert_into_clause [ values_clause ] [error_logging_clause] }...
  | conditional_insert_clause
  } subquery
```

multiple_XMLSchema_spec

```
XMLSchemas ( single_XMLSchema_spec [, single_XMLSchema_spec]... )
```

multiset_except

```
nested_table1
MULTISET EXCEPT [ ALL | DISTINCT ]
nested_table2
```

multiset_intersect

```
nested_table1
MULTISET INTERSECT [ ALL | DISTINCT ]
nested_table2
```

multiset_union

```
nested_table1
MULTISET UNION [ ALL | DISTINCT ]
nested_table2
```

nested_table_col_properties

```
NESTED TABLE
```

```
{ nested_item | COLUMN_VALUE }
[ substitutable_column_clause ]
STORE AS storage_table
[ ( { object_properties)
  | [ physical_properties ]
  | [ column_properties ]
}...
)
]
[ RETURN AS { LOCATOR | VALUE } ]
```

new_values_clause

```
{ INCLUDING | EXCLUDING } NEW VALUES
```

number

```
[ + | - ]
{ digit [ digit ]... [ . ] [ digit [ digit ]... ]
| . digit [ digit ]...
}
[ e [ + | - ] digit [ digit ]... ]
[ f | d ]
```

numeric_file_name

```
+diskgroup_name.filenumbers.incarnation_number
```

object_properties

```
{ { column | attribute }
  [ DEFAULT expr ]
  [ { inline_constraint }... | inline_ref_constraint ]
| { out_of_line_constraint
  | out_of_line_ref_constraint
  | supplemental_logging_props
  }
}
```

object_table

```
OF
[ schema. ] object_type
[ object_table_substitution ]
[ (object_properties) ]
[ ON COMMIT { DELETE | PRESERVE } ROWS ]
[ OID_clause ]
[ OID_index_clause ]
[ physical_properties ]
[ table_properties ]
```

object_table_substitution

```
[ NOT ] SUBSTITUTABLE AT ALL LEVELS
```

object_type_col_properties

```
COLUMN column substitutable_column_clause
```

object_view_clause

```
OF [ schema. ] type_name
{ WITH OBJECT IDENTIFIER
  { DEFAULT | ( attribute [, attribute ]... ) }
| UNDER [ schema. ] superview
```

```

}
( { out_of_line_constraint
| attribute { inline_constraint }...
} [, { out_of_line_constraint
      | attribute { inline_constraint }...
      }
]
[...]
)

```

OID_clause

```
OBJECT IDENTIFIER IS
{ SYSTEM GENERATED | PRIMARY KEY }
```

OID_index_clause

```
OIDINDEX [ index ]
({ physical_attributes_clause
| TABLESPACE tablespace
}...
)
```

on_comp_partitioned_table

```
[ STORE IN ( tablespace [, tablespace ]... ) ]
( PARTITION
  [ partition ]
  [ { segment_attribute_clause
    | key_compression
    }...
] [ index_subpartition_clause ]
[, PARTITION
  [ partition ]
  [ { segment_attribute_clause
    | key_compression
    }...
] [ index_subpartition_clause ]
]...
)
```

on_hash_partitioned_table

```
{ STORE IN (tablespace[, tablespace ]...)
| (PARTITION [ partition ] [ TABLESPACE tablespace ] [key_compression]
  [, PARTITION [ partition ] [ TABLESPACE tablespace ] [key_compression]] ...
)
}
```

on_list_partitioned_table

```
( PARTITION
  [ partition ]
  [ { segment_attributes_clause
    | key_compression
    }...
]
[, PARTITION
  [ partition ]
  [ { segment_attributes_clause
    | key_compression
    }...
]
]
)...
```

```
)
```

on_object_clause

```
{ [ schema. ] object
| { DIRECTORY directory_name
| JAVA { SOURCE | RESOURCE } [ schema. ] object
}
}
```

on_range_partitioned_table

```
( PARTITION
[ partition ]
[ { segment_attributes_clause
| key_compression
}...
]
[, PARTITION
[ partition ]
[ { segment_attributes_clause
| key_compression
}...
]
]
]...
)
```

order_by_clause

```
ORDER [ SIBLINGS ] BY
{ expr | position | c_alias }
[ ASC | DESC ]
[ NULLS FIRST | NULLS LAST ]
[, { expr | position | c_alias }
[ ASC | DESC ]
[ NULLS FIRST | NULLS LAST ]
]...
```

out_of_line_constraint

```
[ CONSTRAINT constraint_name ]
{ UNIQUE (column [, column ]...)
| PRIMARY KEY (column [, column ]...)
| FOREIGN KEY (column [, column ]...) references_clause
| CHECK (condition)
} [ constraint_state ]
```

out_of_line_ref_constraint

```
{ SCOPE FOR ({ ref_col | ref_attr })
IS [ schema. ] scope_table
| REF ({ ref_col | ref_attr }) WITH ROWID
| [ CONSTRAINT constraint_name ] FOREIGN KEY
( { ref_col | ref_attr } ) references_clause
[ constraint_state ]
}
```

outer_join_clause

```
[ query_partition_clause ]
{ outer_join_type JOIN
| NATURAL [ outer_join_type ] JOIN
}
table_reference [ query_partition_clause ]
```

```
[ ON condition
| USING ( column [, column ]...)
]
```

outer_join_type

```
{ FULL | LEFT | RIGHT } [ OUTER ]
```

parallel_clause

```
{ NOPARALLEL | PARALLEL [ integer ] }
```

partial_database_recovery

```
{ TABLESPACE tablespace [, tablespace ]...
| DATAFILE { 'filename' | filenumber }
[ , 'filename' | filenumber ]...
| STANDBY
{ TABLESPACE tablespace [, tablespace ]...
| DATAFILE { 'filename' | filenumber }
[ , 'filename' | filenumber ]...
} UNTIL [ CONSISTENT WITH ] CONTROLFILE
}
```

partition_attributes

```
[ { physical_attributes_clause
| logging_clause
| allocate_extent_clause
| deallocate_unused_clause
| shrink_clause
}...
]
[ OVERFLOW
{ physical_attributes_clause
| logging_clause
| allocate_extent_clause
| deallocate_unused_clause
}...
]
[ table_compression ]
[ { LOB LOB_item | VARRAY varray } (modify_LOB_parameters) ]...]
```

partition_extended_name

```
PARTITION partition
|
PARTITION FOR ( partition_value [, partition_value]... )
```

partition_spec

```
PARTITION [ partition ] [ table_partition_description ]
```

partitioning_storage_clause

```
[ { TABLESPACE tablespace
| OVERFLOW [TABLESPACE tablespace]
| table_compression
| key_compression
| LOB_partitioning_storage
| VARRAY varray_item STORE AS [SECUREFILE | BASICFILE] LOB LOB_segname
}...
```

```
]
```

password_parameters

```
{ { FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS
  | PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME
  | PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME
  | PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX
  | PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME
  | PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME
  }
  { expr | UNLIMITED | DEFAULT }
| PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION
{ function | NULL | DEFAULT }
}
```

permanent_tablespace_clause

```
{ MINIMUM EXTENT size_clause
| BLOCKSIZE integer [ K ]
| logging_clause
| FORCE LOGGING
| ENCRYPTION encryption_spec
| DEFAULT [ table_compression ]
  storage_clause
  { ONLINE | OFFLINE }
  extent_management_clause
  segment_management_clause
  flashback_mode_clause
}...
```

physical_attributes_clause

```
[ { PCTFREE integer
  | PCTUSED integer
  | INITTRANS integer
  | storage_clause
  }
]...
```

physical_properties

```
{ segment_attributes_clause [ table_compression ]
| ORGANIZATION
  { HEAP [ segment_attributes_clause ] [ table_compression ]
  | INDEX [ segment_attributes_clause ] index_org_table_clause
  | EXTERNAL external_table_clause
  }
| CLUSTER cluster (column [, column ]...)
}
```

pivot_clause

```
table_reference PIVOT [ XML ]
( aggregate_function ( expr ) [[AS] alias ]
  [, aggregate_function ( expr ) [[AS] alias ] ]...
  pivot_for_clause
  pivot_in_clause
)
```

pivot_for_clause

```
FOR { column
```

```
| ( column [, column]... )
}
```

pivot_in_clause

```
IN ( { { { expr
| ( expr [, expr]...
} [ [ AS] alias]
}...
| subquery
| ANY [, ANY]...
}
)
```

proxy_clause

```
{ GRANT | REVOKE } CONNECT
THROUGH { ENTERPRISE USERS
| db_user_proxy
}
```

qualified_disk_clause

```
search_string
[ NAME disk_name ]
[ SIZE size_clause ]
[ FORCE | NOFORCE ]
```

qualified_template_clause

```
ATTRIBUTES
([ MIRROR | HIGH | UNPROTECTED ]
[ FINE | COARSE ]
)
```

query_block

```
SELECT
[ hint ]
[ { { DISTINCT | UNIQUE } | ALL } ]
select_list
FROM { table_reference | join_clause | ( join_clause ) }
[ , { table_reference | join_clause | (join_clause) } ] ...
[ where_clause ]
[ hierarchical_query_clause ]
[ group_by_clause ]
[ HAVING condition ]
[ model_clause ]
```

query_partition_clause

```
PARTITION BY
{ value_expr[, value_expr ]...
| ( value_expr[, value_expr ].... )
}
```

query_table_expression

```
{ query_name
| [ schema. ]
{ table [ partition_extension_clause
| @ dblink
]
| { view | materialized view } [ @ dblink ]
} ["sample_clause"]
| (subquery [ subquery_restriction_clause ])
```

```
| table_collection_expression  
}
```

quiesce_clauses

QUIESCE RESTRICTED | UNQUIESCE

range_partition_desc

```
range_values_clause  
table_partition_description  
[ ( { range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc] ...  
      | list_subpartition_desc [, list_subpartition_desc] ...  
      | individual_hash_subparts [, individual_hash_subparts] ...  
      }  
    ) | hash_subparts_by_quantity ]
```

range_partitions

```
PARTITION BY RANGE (column[, column]....)  
  [ INTERVAL expr [ STORE IN ( tablespace [, tablespace]...) ]]  
( PARTITION [ partition ]  
    range_values_clause table_partition_description  
    [, PARTITION [ partition ]  
      range_values_clause table_partition_description  
    ]...  
)
```

range_subpartition_desc

```
SUBPARTITION [subpartition] range_values_clause  
[partitioning_storage_clause]
```

range_values_clause

```
VALUES LESS THAN  
  ({ literal | MAXVALUE }  
   [, { literal | MAXVALUE } ]...  
)
```

rebalance_diskgroup_clause

REBALANCE [POWER integer] [WAIT | NOWAIT]

rebuild_clause

```
REBUILD  
  [ { PARTITION partition  
      | SUBPARTITION subpartition  
      }  
  | { REVERSE | NOREVERSE }  
  ]  
  [ parallel_clause  
  | TABLESPACE tablespace  
  | PARAMETERS ( { 'ODCI_parameters'  
      | 'XMLIndex_parameters'  
    }  
    )  
  | ONLINE  
  | physical_attributes_clause  
  | key_compression  
  | logging_clause
```

]...

records_per_block_clause

```
{ MINIMIZE | NOMINIMIZE } RECORDS_PER_BLOCK
```

recovery_clauses

```
{ general_recovery
| managed_standby_recovery
| BEGIN BACKUP
| END BACKUP
}
```

redo_log_file_spec

```
[ 'filename | ASM_filename'
| ('filename | ASM_filename'
[ , 'filename | ASM_filename' ]...)
]
[ SIZE size_clause ]
[ REUSE ]
```

reference_model

```
REFERENCE reference_spreadsheet_name
ON (subquery)
spreadsheet_column_clauses
[ cell_reference_options ]
```

reference_partitioning

```
PARTITION BY REFERENCE ( constraint )
[ (reference_partition_desc...) ]
```

references_clause

```
REFERENCES [ schema. ] { object_table | view }
[ (column [, column ]...) ]
[ON DELETE { CASCADE | SET NULL } ]
[ constraint_state ]
```

register_logfile_clause

```
REGISTER [ OR REPLACE ]
[ PHYSICAL | LOGICAL ]
LOGFILE [ file_specification [, file_specification ]...
[ FOR logminer_session_name ]
```

relational_properties

```
{ column_definition
| virtual_column_definition
| { out_of_line_constraint
| out_of_line_ref_constraint
| supplemental_logging_props
}
}
[, { column_definition
| virtual_column_definition
| { out_of_line_constraint
| out_of_line_ref_constraint
| supplemental_logging_props
}
}]
```

```
    }  
]...
```

relational_table

```
[ (relational_properties) ]  
[ ON COMMIT { DELETE | PRESERVE } ROWS ]  
[ physical_properties ]  
[ table_properties ]
```

rename_column_clause

```
RENAME COLUMN old_name TO new_name
```

rename_index_partition

```
RENAME  
  { PARTITION partition | SUBPARTITION subpartition }  
TO new_name
```

rename_partition_subpart

```
RENAME { partition_extended_name  
        | subpartition_extended_name  
      } TO new_name
```

resize_disk_clauses

```
RESIZE  
{ ALL [ SIZE size_clause ]  
| DISK  
  disk_name [ SIZE size_clause ]  
  [, disk_name [ SIZE size_clause ] ]...  
| DISKS IN FAILGROUP  
  failgroup_name [ SIZE size_clause ]  
  [, failgroup_name [ SIZE size_clause ] ]...  
}
```

resource_parameters

```
{ { SESSIONS_PER_USER  
  | CPU_PER_SESSION  
  | CPU_PER_CALL  
  | CONNECT_TIME  
  | IDLE_TIME  
  | LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION  
  | LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL  
  | COMPOSITE_LIMIT  
}  
{ integer | UNLIMITED | DEFAULT }  
| PRIVATE_SGA  
{ size_clause | UNLIMITED | DEFAULT }  
}
```

return_rows_clause

```
RETURN { UPDATED | ALL } ROWS
```

returning_clause

```
{ RETURN | RETURNING } expr [, expr ]...  
INTO data_item [, data_item ]...
```

revoke_object_privileges

```
{ object_privilege | ALL [ PRIVILEGES ] }
[, { object_privilege | ALL [ PRIVILEGES ] } ]...
on_object_clause
FROM grantee_clause
[ CASCADE CONSTRAINTS | FORCE ]
```

revoke_system_privileges

```
{ system_privilege
| role
| ALL PRIVILEGES
}
[, { system_privilege
| role
| ALL PRIVILEGES
}
]
]...
FROM grantee_clause
```

rolling_migration_clause

```
{ START ROLLING MIGRATION TO ASM_version
| STOP ROLLING MIGRATION
}
```

rollup_cube_clause

```
{ ROLLUP | CUBE } (grouping_expression_list)
```

routine_clause

```
[ schema. ] [ type. | package. ]
{ function | procedure | method }
[ @dblink_name ]
( [ argument [, argument ]... ] )
```

row_movement_clause

```
{ ENABLE | DISABLE } ROW MOVEMENT
```

sample_clause

```
SAMPLE [ BLOCK ]
  (sample_percent)
  [ SEED (seed_value) ]
```

scoped_table_ref_constraint

```
{ SCOPE FOR
  ({ ref_column | ref_attribute })
  IS [ schema. ] { scope_table_name | c_alias }
}
[, SCOPE FOR
  ({ ref_column | ref_attribute })
  IS [ schema. ] { scope_table_name | c_alias }
]...
```

searched_case_expression

```
{ WHEN condition THEN return_expr }...
```

security_clause

```
GUARD { ALL | STANDBY | NONE }
```

segment_attributes_clause

```
{ physical_attributes_clause  
| TABLESPACE tablespace  
| logging_clause  
}...
```

segment_management_clause

```
SEGMENT SPACE MANAGEMENT { AUTO | MANUAL }
```

select_list

```
{ *  
| { query_name.*  
| [ schema. ]  
| { table | view | materialized view } .*  
| expr [ [ AS ] c_alias ]  
}  
[, { query_name.*  
| [ schema. ]  
| { table | view | materialized view } .*  
| expr [ [ AS ] c_alias ]  
}  
]...  
}
```

set_subpartition_template

```
SET SUBPARTITION TEMPLATE  
{ ( range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc]... )  
| ( list_subpartition_desc [, list_subpartition_desc]... )  
| hash_subpartition_quantity  
}
```

set_time_zone_clause

```
SET TIME_ZONE =  
'{ { + | - } hh : mi | time_zone_region }'
```

shrink_clause

```
SHRINK SPACE [ COMPACT ] [ CASCADE ]
```

shutdown_dispatcher_clause

```
SHUTDOWN [ IMMEDIATE ] dispatcher_name
```

simple_case_expression

```
expr  
{ WHEN comparison_expr THEN return_expr }...
```

single_column_for_loop

```
FOR dimension_column  
{ IN ( { literal [, literal ]...  
| subquery  
}  
)  
| [ LIKE pattern ] FROM literal TO literal  
{ INCREMENT | DECREMENT } literal  
}
```

single_table_insert

```

insert_into_clause
{ values_clause [ returning_clause ]
| subquery
} [ error_logging_clause ]

```

single_XMLSchema_spec

```

[ XMLSCHEMA XMLSchema_URL ]
ELEMENT { element | XMLSchema_URL # element }

```

size_clause

```
integer [ K | M | G | T | P | E ]
```

split_index_partition

```

SPLIT PARTITION partition_name_old
  AT (literal [, literal]...)
  [ INTO (index_partition_description,
          index_partition_description
         )
]
[ parallel_clause ]

```

split_table_partition

```

SPLIT PARTITION current_partition
{ AT (literal [, literal]...)
  [ INTO (range_partition_desc [, range_partition_desc]...
  | VALUES (literal [, literal] ... )
  [ INTO (list_partition_desc [, list_partition_desc]... ]
} [ dependent_tables_clause ]
[ update_index_clauses ]
[ parallel_clause ]

```

split_table_subpartition

```

SPLIT SUBPARTITION subpartition
{ AT ( literal [, literal]...)
  [ INTO (range_subpartition_desc, range_subpartition_desc) ]
  | VALUES ({ literal | NULL [, literal | NULL ]...})
  [ INTO (list_subpartition_desc, list_subpartition_desc) ]
} [ update_index_clauses ]
[ parallel_clause ]

```

sql_format

```
[+ | -] days hours : minutes : seconds [. frac_secs ]
```

standby_database_clauses

```

{ activate_standby_db_clause
| maximize_standby_db_clause
| register_logfile_clause
| commit_switchover_clause
| start_standby_clause
| stop_standby_clause
| convert_database_clause
} [ parallel_clause ]

```

start_standby_clause

```
START LOGICAL STANDBY APPLY  
[ IMMEDIATE ]  
[ NODELAY ]  
[ NEW PRIMARY dblink  
| INITIAL [ scn_value ]  
| { SKIP FAILED TRANSACTION | FINISH }  
]
```

startup_clauses

```
{ MOUNT [ { STANDBY | CLONE } DATABASE ]  
| OPEN  
{ [ READ WRITE ]  
[ RESETLOGS | NORESETLOGS ]  
[ UPGRADE | DOWNGRADE ]  
| READ ONLY  
}  
}
```

stop_standby_clause

```
{ STOP | ABORT } LOGICAL STANDBY APPLY
```

storage_clause

```
STORAGE  
({ INITIAL size_clause  
| NEXT size_clause  
| MINEXTENTS integer  
| MAXEXTENTS { integer | UNLIMITED }  
| maxsize_clause  
| PCTINCREASE integer  
| FREELISTS integer  
| FREELIST GROUPS integer  
| OPTIMAL [ size_clause | NULL ]  
| BUFFER_POOL { KEEP | RECYCLE | DEFAULT }  
| ENCRYPT  
} ...  
)
```

storage_table_clause

```
WITH {SYSTEM | USER} MANAGED STORAGE TABLES
```

string

```
[ {N | n} ]  
{ 'c' [ c ]...'  
| { Q | q }  
'quote_delimiter c [ c ]... quote_delimiter'  
}
```

subpartition_by_hash

```
SUBPARTITION BY HASH (column [, column ]...)  
[ SUBPARTITIONS integer  
[ STORE IN (tablespace [, tablespace ]...) ]  
| subpartition_template  
]
```

subpartition_by_list

```
SUBPARTITION BY LIST (column) [ subpartition_template ]
```

subpartition_by_range

```
SUBPARTITION BY RANGE ( column [, column]... ) [subpartition_template]
```

subpartition_template

```
SUBPARTITION TEMPLATE
( { range_subpartition_desc [, range_subpartition_desc] ...
| list_subpartition_desc [, list_subpartition_desc] ...
| individual_hash_subparts [, individual_hash_subparts] ...
}
) | hash_subpartition_quantity
```

subquery

```
{ query_block
| subquery { UNION [ALL] | INTERSECT | MINUS } subquery
[ { UNION [ALL] | INTERSECT | MINUS } subquery ]...
| ( subquery )
} [ order_by_clause ]
```

subquery_factoring_clause

```
WITH query_name AS (subquery)
[, query_name AS (subquery) ]...
```

subquery_restriction_clause

```
WITH { READ ONLY
| CHECK OPTION [ CONSTRAINT constraint ]
}
```

substitutable_column_clause

```
{ [ ELEMENT ] IS OF [ TYPE ] ( [ONLY] type)
| [ NOT ] SUBSTITUTABLE AT ALL LEVELS
}
```

supplemental_db_logging

```
{ ADD | DROP } SUPPLEMENTAL LOG
{ DATA
| supplemental_id_key_clause
| supplemental_plsql_clause
}
```

supplemental_id_key_clause

```
DATA
( { ALL | PRIMARY KEY | UNIQUE | FOREIGN KEY }
[, { ALL | PRIMARY KEY | UNIQUE | FOREIGN KEY } ]...
)
COLUMNS
```

supplemental_log_grp_clause

```
GROUP log_group
(column [ NO LOG ]
[, column [ NO LOG ] ]...)
[ ALWAYS ]
```

supplemental_logging_props

```
SUPPLEMENTAL LOG { supplemental_log_grp_clause  
| supplemental_id_key_clause  
}
```

supplemental_plsql_clause

```
DATA FOR PROCEDURAL REPLICATION
```

supplemental_table_logging

```
{ ADD SUPPLEMENTAL LOG  
{ supplemental_log_grp_clause | supplemental_id_key_clause }  
[, SUPPLEMENTAL LOG  
{ supplemental_log_grp_clause | supplemental_id_key_clause }  
]...  
| DROP SUPPLEMENTAL LOG  
{ supplemental_id_key_clause | GROUP log_group }  
[, SUPPLEMENTAL LOG  
{ supplemental_id_key_clause | GROUP log_group }  
]...  
}
```

system_partitioning_clause

```
PARTITION BY SYSTEM [ PARTITIONS integer  
| reference_partition_description  
[, reference_partition_description ...]  
]
```

table_collection_expression

```
TABLE (collection_expression) [ (+) ]
```

table_compression

```
{ COMPRESS [ FOR { ALL | DIRECT_LOAD } OPERATIONS ]  
| NOCOMPRESS  
}
```

table_index_clause

```
[ schema. ] table [ t_alias ]  
(index_expr [ ASC | DESC ]  
[, index_expr [ ASC | DESC ] ]...)  
[ index_properties ]
```

table_partition_description

```
[ segment_attributes_clause ]  
[ table_compression | key_compression ]  
[ OVERFLOW [ segment_attributes_clause ] ]  
[ { LOB_storage_clause  
| varray_col_properties  
}...  
]
```

table_partitioning_clauses

```
{ range_partitions  
| hash_partitions  
| list_partitions  
| reference_partitioning
```

```

| composite_range_partitions
| composite_list_partitions
| system_partitioning
}
```

table_properties

```

[ column_properties ]
[ table_partitioning_clauses ]
[ CACHE | NOCACHE ]
[ parallel_clause ]
[ ROWDEPENDENCIES | NOROWDEPENDENCIES ]
[ enable_disable_clause ]...
[ row_movement_clause ]
[ flashback_archive_clause ]
[ AS subquery ]
```

table_reference

```

{ ONLY (query_table_expression)
| query_table_expression [ pivot_clause | unpivot_clause ]
} [ flashback_query_clause ]
[ t_alias ]
```

storage_table_clause

WITH {SYSTEM | USER} MANAGED STORAGE TABLES

tablespace_clauses

```

{ EXTENT MANAGEMENT LOCAL
| DATAFILE file_specification [, file_specification ]...
| SYSAUX DATAFILE file_specification [, file_specification ]...
| default_tablespace
| default_temp_tablespace
| undo_tablespace
}
```

tablespace_group_clause

TABLESPACE GROUP { tablespace_group_name | '' }

tablespace_logging_clauses

```

{ logging_clause
| [ NO ] FORCE LOGGING
}
```

tablespace_retention_clause

RETENTION { GUARANTEE | NOGUARANTEE }

tablespace_state_clauses

```

{ { ONLINE
| OFFLINE [ NORMAL | TEMPORARY | IMMEDIATE ]
}
| READ { ONLY | WRITE }
| { PERMANENT | TEMPORARY }
}
```

temporary_tablespace_clause

```
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE tablespace
  [ TEMPFILE file_specification [, file_specification]... ]
  [ tablespace_group_clause ]
  [ extent_management_clause ]
```

timeout_clause

```
DROP AFTER integer { M | H }
```

trace_file_clause

```
TRACE
  [ AS 'filename' [ REUSE ] ]
  [ RESETLOGS | NORESETLOGS ]
```

truncate_partition_subpart

```
TRUNCATE { partition_extended_name
            | subpartition_extended_name
            }
  [ { DROP | REUSE } STORAGE ]
  [ update_index_clauses [ parallel_clause ] ]
```

undo_tablespace

```
[ BIGFILE | SMALLFILE ]
UNDO TABLESPACE tablespace
  [ TABLESPACE file_specification [, file_specification]...]
```

undo_tablespace_clause

```
UNDO TABLESPACE tablespace
  [ DATAFILE file_specification [, file_specification]... ]
  [ extent_management_clause ]
  [ tablespace_retention_clause ]
```

undrop_disk_clause

```
UNDROP DISKS
```

unpivot_clause

```
table_reference UNPIVOT [ {INCLUDE | EXCLUDE} NULLS ]
( { column | ( column [, column]... ) }
  pivot_for_clause
  unpivot_in_clause
)
```

unpivot_in_clause

```
IN
( { column | ( column [, column]... ) }
  [ AS { constant | ( constant [, constant]... ) } ]
  [, { column | ( column [, column]... ) }
    [ AS { constant | ( constant [, constant]... ) } ]
    ]...
)
```

update_all_indexes_clause

```
UPDATE INDEXES
  [ (index ( update_index_partition
            | update_index_subpartition
            )
        [, (index ( update_index_partition
                    | update_index_subpartition
                    )
            )
        ]
    ]...
```

update_global_index_clause

```
{ UPDATE | INVALIDATE } GLOBAL INDEXES
```

update_index_clauses

```
{ update_global_index_clause
| update_all_indexes_clause
}
```

update_index_partition

```
index_partition_description
  [ index_subpartition_clause ]
[, index_partition_description
  [ index_subpartition_clause ] ...]
```

update_index_subpartition

```
SUBPARTITION [ subpartition ]
  [ TABLESPACE tablespace ]
[, SUBPARTITION [ subpartition ]
  [ TABLESPACE tablespace ]
]...
```

update_set_clause

```
SET
{ { (column [, column]...) = (subquery)
| column = { expr | (subquery) | DEFAULT }
}
  [, { (column [, column]...) = (subquery)
    | column = { expr | (subquery) | DEFAULT }
    }
]
...
| VALUE (t_alias) = { expr | (subquery) }
}
```

upgrade_table_clause

```
UPGRADE [ [NOT] INCLUDING DATA ]
  [ column_properties ]
```

using_function_clause

```
USING [ schema. ] [ package. | type. ] function_name
```

using_index_clause

```
USING INDEX
{ [ schema. ] index
| (create_index_statement)
```

```
| index_properties  
}
```

using_statistics_type

```
USING { [ schema. ] statistics_type | NULL }
```

using_type_clause

```
USING [ schema. ] implementation_type [ array_DML_clause ]
```

validation_clauses

```
{ VALIDATE REF UPDATE  
    [ SET DANGLING TO NULL ]  
| VALIDATE STRUCTURE  
    [ CASCADE { FAST | COMPLETE } ]  
    [ into_clause ]  
    { OFFLINE | ONLINE }  
}
```

values_clause

```
VALUES ({ expr | DEFAULT }  
        [, { expr | DEFAULT } ]...  
       )
```

varray_col_properties

```
VARRAY varray_item  
{ [ substitutable_column_clause ] varray_storage_clause  
| substitutable_column_clause  
}
```

varray_storage_clause

```
STORE AS [SECUREFILE | BASICFILE] LOB  
{ [LOB_segname] ( LOB_storage_parameters )  
| LOB_segname  
}
```

where_clause

```
WHERE condition
```

windowing_clause

```
{ ROWS | RANGE }  
{ BETWEEN  
    { UNBOUNDED PRECEDING  
    | CURRENT ROW  
    | value_expr { PRECEDING | FOLLOWING }  
    }  
    AND  
    { UNBOUNDED FOLLOWING  
    | CURRENT ROW  
    | value_expr { PRECEDING | FOLLOWING }  
    }  
| { UNBOUNDED PRECEDING  
    | CURRENT ROW  
    | value_expr PRECEDING  
    }  
}
```

XML_attributes_clause

```

XMLATTRIBUTES
  [ENTITYESCAPING | NOENTITYESCAPING]
  [SCHEMACHECK | NOSCHEMACHECK]
  value_expr [ AS { c_alias | EVALNAME value_expr } ]
  [, value_expr [ AS { c_alias | EVALNAME value_expr } ] ]
  ]...

```

XML_namespaces_clause

```

XMLNAMESPACES
  ( [ string AS identifier ]
    [ [, string AS identifier ] ]
    ]...
    [ DEFAULT string ]
  )

```

XML_passing_clause

```

PASSING [ BY VALUE ]
  expr [ AS identifier ]
  [, expr [ AS identifier ] ]
  ]...

```

XML_table_column

```

column
  { FOR ORDINALITY
    | datatype [ PATH string ] [ DEFAULT expr ]
  }

```

XMLTABLE_options

```

[ XML_passing_clause ]
[ COLUMNS XML_table_column [, XML_table_column]...]

```

XMLIndex_clause

```

[XDB.] XMLINDEX [ local_XMLIndex_clause ]
  [ parallel_clause ]
  [ PARAMETERS ('XMLIndex_Parameters') ]

```

XMLSchema_spec

```

[ XMLSCHEMA XMLSchema_URL ]
ELEMENT { element | XMLSchema_URL # element }

```

XMLType_column_properties

```

XMLTYPE [ COLUMN ] column
  [ XMLType_storage ]
  [ XMLSchema_spec ]

```

XMLType_storage

```

STORE AS
{ OBJECT RELATIONAL
| [SECUREFILE | BASICFILE]
{ CLOB | BINARY XML }
[ { LOB_segname [ (LOB_parameters) ]
  | (LOB_parameters)
}
]

```

```
}
```

XMLType_table

```
OF XMLTYPE  
[ (object_properties) ]  
[ XMLTYPE XMLType_storage ]  
[ XMLSchema_spec ]  
[ XMLType_virtual_columns ]  
[ ON COMMIT { DELETE | PRESERVE } ROWS ]  
[ OID_clause ]  
[ OID_index_clause ]  
[ physical_properties ]  
[ table_properties ]
```

XMLType_view_clause

```
OF XMLTYPE [ XMLSchema_spec ]  
WITH OBJECT IDENTIFIER  
{ DEFAULT | ( expr [, expr ]...) }
```

XMLType_virtual_columns

```
VIRTUAL COLUMNS ( column AS (expr) [, column AS (expr) ]... )
```

ym_iso_format

```
[ - ] P [ years Y ] [ months M ] [ days D ]  
[ T [ hours H ] [ minutes M ] [ seconds [. frac_secs] S ] ]
```

6

Datatypes

This chapter presents datatypes that are recognized by Oracle and available for use within SQL.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- [Overview of Datatypes](#)
- [Oracle Built-In Datatypes](#)
- [Converting to Oracle Datatypes](#)

Overview of Datatypes

A **datatype** is a classification of a particular type of information or data. Each value manipulated by Oracle has a datatype. The datatype of a value associates a fixed set of properties with the value. These properties cause Oracle to treat values of one datatype differently from values of another.

The datatypes recognized by Oracle are:

ANSI-supported datatypes

```
{ CHARACTER [VARYING] (size)
| { CHAR | NCHAR } VARYING (size)
| VARCHAR (size)
| NATIONAL { CHARACTER | CHAR }
    [VARYING] (size)
| { NUMERIC | DECIMAL | DEC }
    [ (precision [, scale ]) ]
| { INTEGER | INT | SMALLINT }
| FLOAT [ (size) ]
| DOUBLE PRECISION
| REAL
}
```

Oracle built-in datatypes

```
{ character_datatypes
| number_datatypes
| long_and_raw_datatypes
| datetime_datatypes
| large_object_datatypes
| rowid_datatypes
}
```

Oracle-supplied datatypes

```
{ any_types
| XML_types
```

```
| spatial_types  
| media_types  
| expression_filter_type  
}
```

User-defined datatypes

User-defined datatypes use Oracle built-in datatypes and other user-defined datatypes to model the structure and behavior of data in applications

See Also: Datatypes in *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference*

Oracle Built-In Datatypes

This section describes the kinds of Oracle built-in datatypes.

character_datatypes

```
{ CHAR [ (size [ BYTE | CHAR ]) ]  
| VARCHAR2 (size [ BYTE | CHAR ])  
| NCHAR [ (size) ]  
| NVARCHAR2 (size)  
}
```

datetime_datatypes

```
{ DATE  
| TIMESTAMP [ (fractional_seconds_precision) ]  
    [ WITH [ LOCAL ] TIME ZONE ] )  
| INTERVAL YEAR [ (year_precision) ] TO MONTH  
| INTERVAL DAY [ (day_precision) ] TO SECOND  
    [ (fractional_seconds_precision) ]  
}
```

large_object_datatypes

```
{ BLOB | CLOB | NCLOB | BFILE }
```

long_and_raw_datatypes

```
{ LONG | LONG RAW | RAW (size) }
```

number_datatypes

```
{ NUMBER [ (precision [, scale ]) ]  
| FLOAT [ (precision) ]  
| BINARY_FLOAT  
| BINARY_DOUBLE  
}
```

rowid_datatypes

```
{ ROWID | UROWID [ (size) ] }
```

The codes listed for the datatypes are used internally by Oracle Database. The datatype code of a column or object attribute is returned by the DUMP function.

Table 6–1 Built-in Datatype Summary

Code	Datatype	Description
1	VARCHAR2(<i>size</i> [BYTE CHAR])	Variable-length character string having maximum length <i>size</i> bytes or characters. Maximum <i>size</i> is 4000 bytes or characters, and minimum is 1 byte or 1 character. You must specify <i>size</i> for VARCHAR2. BYTE indicates that the column will have byte length semantics; CHAR indicates that the column will have character semantics.
1	NVARCHAR2(<i>size</i>)	Variable-length Unicode character string having maximum length <i>size</i> characters. The number of bytes can be up to two times <i>size</i> for AL16UTF16 encoding and three times <i>size</i> for UTF8 encoding. Maximum <i>size</i> is determined by the national character set definition, with an upper limit of 4000 bytes. You must specify <i>size</i> for NVARCHAR2.
2	NUMBER [(<i>p</i> [, <i>s</i>])]	Number having precision <i>p</i> and scale <i>s</i> . The precision <i>p</i> can range from 1 to 38. The scale <i>s</i> can range from -84 to 127. Both precision and scale are in decimal digits. A NUMBER values requires from 1 to 22 bytes.
2	FLOAT [(<i>p</i>)]	A subtype of the NUMBER datatype having precision <i>p</i> . A FLOAT value is represented internally as NUMBER. The precision <i>p</i> can range from 1 to 126 binary digits. A FLOAT value requires from 1 to 22 bytes.
8	LONG	Character data of variable length up to 2 gigabytes, or $2^{31} - 1$ bytes. Provided for backward compatibility.
12	DATE	Valid date range from January 1, 4712 BC to December 31, 9999 AD. The default format is determined explicitly by the NLS_DATE_FORMAT parameter or implicitly by the NLS_TERRITORY parameter. The size is fixed at 7 bytes. This datatype contains the datetime fields YEAR, MONTH, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, and SECOND. It does not have fractional seconds or a time zone.
21	BINARY_FLOAT	32-bit floating point number. This datatype requires 5 bytes, including the length byte.
22	BINARY_DOUBLE	64-bit floating point number. This datatype requires 9 bytes, including the length byte.
180	TIMESTAMP [(<i>fractional_seconds_precision</i>)]	Year, month, and day values of date, as well as hour, minute, and second values of time, where <i>fractional_seconds_precision</i> is the number of digits in the fractional part of the SECOND datetime field. Accepted values of <i>fractional_seconds_precision</i> are 0 to 9. The default is 6. The default format is determined explicitly by the NLS_DATE_FORMAT parameter or implicitly by the NLS_TERRITORY parameter. The sizes varies from 7 to 11 bytes, depending on the precision. This datatype contains the datetime fields YEAR, MONTH, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, and SECOND. It contains fractional seconds but does not have a time zone.
181	TIMESTAMP [(<i>fractional_seconds_precision</i>)] WITH TIME ZONE	All values of TIMESTAMP as well as time zone displacement value, where <i>fractional_seconds_precision</i> is the number of digits in the fractional part of the SECOND datetime field. Accepted values are 0 to 9. The default is 6. The default format is determined explicitly by the NLS_DATE_FORMAT parameter or implicitly by the NLS_TERRITORY parameter. The size is fixed at 13 bytes. This datatype contains the datetime fields YEAR, MONTH, DAY, HOUR, MINUTE, SECOND, TIMEZONE_HOUR, and TIMEZONE_MINUTE. It has fractional seconds and an explicit time zone.

Table 6–1 (Cont.) Built-in Datatype Summary

Code	Datatype	Description
231	TIMESTAMP [(<i>fractional_seconds</i>)] WITH LOCAL TIME ZONE	All values of TIMESTAMP WITH TIME ZONE, with the following exceptions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Data is normalized to the database time zone when it is stored in the database. ▪ When the data is retrieved, users see the data in the session time zone. The default format is determined explicitly by the NLS_DATE_FORMAT parameter or implicitly by the NLS_TERRITORY parameter. The sizes varies from 7 to 11 bytes, depending on the precision.
182	INTERVAL YEAR [(<i>year_precision</i>)] TO MONTH	Stores a period of time in years and months, where <i>year_precision</i> is the number of digits in the YEAR datetime field. Accepted values are 0 to 9. The default is 2. The size is fixed at 5 bytes.
183	INTERVAL DAY [(<i>day_precision</i>)] TO SECOND [(<i>fractional_seconds</i>)]	Stores a period of time in days, hours, minutes, and seconds, where <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>day_precision</i> is the maximum number of digits in the DAY datetime field. Accepted values are 0 to 9. The default is 2. ▪ <i>fractional_seconds_precision</i> is the number of digits in the fractional part of the SECOND field. Accepted values are 0 to 9. The default is 6. The size is fixed at 11 bytes.
23	RAW(<i>size</i>)	Raw binary data of length <i>size</i> bytes. Maximum <i>size</i> is 2000 bytes. You must specify <i>size</i> for a RAW value.
24	LONG RAW	Raw binary data of variable length up to 2 gigabytes.
69	ROWID	Base 64 string representing the unique address of a row in its table. This datatype is primarily for values returned by the ROWID pseudocolumn.
208	UROWID [(<i>size</i>)]	Base 64 string representing the logical address of a row of an index-organized table. The optional <i>size</i> is the size of a column of type UROWID. The maximum size and default is 4000 bytes.
96	CHAR [(<i>size</i> [BYTE CHAR])]	Fixed-length character data of length <i>size</i> bytes or characters. Maximum <i>size</i> is 2000 bytes or characters. Default and minimum <i>size</i> is 1 byte. BYTE and CHAR have the same semantics as for VARCHAR2.
96	NCHAR[(<i>size</i>)]	Fixed-length character data of length <i>size</i> characters. The number of bytes can be up to two times <i>size</i> for AL16UTF16 encoding and three times <i>size</i> for UTF8 encoding. Maximum <i>size</i> is determined by the national character set definition, with an upper limit of 2000 bytes. Default and minimum <i>size</i> is 1 character.
112	CLOB	A character large object containing single-byte or multibyte characters. Both fixed-width and variable-width character sets are supported, both using the database character set. Maximum size is (4 gigabytes - 1) * (database block size).

Table 6–1 (Cont.) Built-in Datatype Summary

Code	Datatype	Description
112	NCLOB	A character large object containing Unicode characters. Both fixed-width and variable-width character sets are supported, both using the database national character set. Maximum size is (4 gigabytes - 1) * (database block size). Stores national character set data.
113	BLOB	A binary large object. Maximum size is (4 gigabytes - 1) * (database block size).
114	BFILE	Contains a locator to a large binary file stored outside the database. Enables byte stream I/O access to external LOBs residing on the database server. Maximum size is 4 gigabytes.

See Also: Datatypes in *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference*

Oracle Supplied Datatypes

This section shows the syntax for the Oracle supplied datatypes.

any_types

```
{ SYS.AnyData | SYS.AnyType | SYS.AnyDataSet }
```

XML_types

```
{ XMLType | URIType }
```

spatial_types

```
{ SDO_Geometry | SDO_Topo_Geometry | SDO_GeoRaster }
```

media_types

```
{ ORDAudio
| ORDImage
| ORDVideo
| ORDDoc
| ORDDicom
| still_image_object_types
}
```

expression_filter_type

Expression

Converting to Oracle Datatypes

SQL statements that create tables and clusters can also use ANSI datatypes and datatypes from the IBM products SQL/DS and DB2. Oracle recognizes the ANSI or IBM datatype name that differs from the Oracle datatype name, records it as the name of the datatype of the column, and then stores the column data in an Oracle datatype based on the conversions shown in the following table.

Table 6–2 ANSI Datatypes Converted to Oracle Datatypes

ANSI SQL Datatype	Oracle Datatype
CHARACTER (n)	CHAR (n)
CHAR (n)	
CHARACTER VARYING (n)	VARCHAR2 (n)
CHAR VARYING (n)	
NATIONAL CHARACTER (n)	NCHAR (n)
NATIONAL CHAR (n)	
NCHAR (n)	
NATIONAL CHARACTER VARYING (n)	NVARCHAR2 (n)
NATIONAL CHAR VARYING (n)	
NCHAR VARYING (n)	
NUMERIC [(p, s)]	NUMBER (p, s)
DECIMAL [(p, s)] (Note a)	
INTEGER	NUMBER (38)
INT	
SMALLINT	
FLOAT (Note b)	FLOAT (126)
DOUBLE PRECISION (Note c)	FLOAT (126)
REAL (Note d)	FLOAT (63)

Notes:

- a. The NUMERIC and DECIMAL datatypes can specify only fixed-point numbers. For those datatypes, the scale (s) defaults to 0.
- b. The FLOAT datatype is a floating-point number with a binary precision b. The default precision for this datatype is 126 binary, or 38 decimal.
- c. The DOUBLE PRECISION datatype is a floating-point number with binary precision 126.
- d. The REAL datatype is a floating-point number with a binary precision of 63, or 18 decimal.

Table 6–3 SQL/DS and DB2 Datatypes Converted to Oracle Datatypes

SQL/DS or DB2 Datatype	Oracle Datatype
CHARACTER (n)	CHAR (n)
VARCHAR (n)	VARCHAR (n)
LONG VARCHAR	LONG
DECIMAL (p, s) (a)	NUMBER (p, s)
INTEGER	NUMBER (38)
SMALLINT	
FLOAT (b)	NUMBER

Notes:

- a. The DECIMAL datatype can specify only fixed-point numbers. For this datatype, s defaults to 0.
- b. The FLOAT datatype is a floating-point number with a binary precision b . The default precision for this datatype is 126 binary or 38 decimal.

Do not define columns with the following SQL/DS and DB2 datatypes, because they have no corresponding Oracle datatype:

- GRAPHIC
- LONG VARGRAPHIC
- VARGRAPHIC
- TIME

Note that data of type TIME can also be expressed as Oracle datetime data.

See Also: Datatypes in *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference*

Format Models

This chapter presents the format models for datetime and number data stored in character strings.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- [Overview of Format Models](#)
- [Number Format Models](#)
- [Datetime Format Models](#)

Overview of Format Models

A format model is a character literal that describes the format of DATETIME or NUMBER data stored in a character string. When you convert a character string into a datetime or number, a format model tells Oracle how to interpret the string.

See Also: Format Models in *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference*

Number Format Models

You can use number format models:

- In the TO_CHAR function to translate a value of NUMBER datatype to VARCHAR2 datatype
- In the TO_NUMBER function to translate a value of CHAR or VARCHAR2 datatype to NUMBER datatype

Number Format Elements

A number format model is composed of one or more number format elements. The following table lists the elements of a number format model.

Table 7–1 Number Format Elements

Element	Example	Description
,	(comma) 9,999	Returns a comma in the specified position. You can specify multiple commas in a number format model. Restrictions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ A comma element cannot begin a number format model. ■ A comma cannot appear to the right of a decimal character or period in a number format model.
.	(period) 99.99	Returns a decimal point, which is a period (.) in the specified position. Restriction: You can specify only one period in a number format model.
\$	\$9999	Returns value with a leading dollar sign.
0	0999	Returns leading zeros.
	9990	Returns trailing zeros.
9	9999	Returns value with the specified number of digits with a leading space if positive or with a leading minus if negative. Leading zeros are blank, except for a zero value, which returns a zero for the integer part of the fixed-point number.
B	B9999	Returns blanks for the integer part of a fixed-point number when the integer part is zero (regardless of zeros in the format model).
C	C999	Returns in the specified position the ISO currency symbol (the current value of the NLS_ISO_CURRENCY parameter).
D	99D99	Returns in the specified position the decimal character, which is the current value of the NLS_NUMERIC_CHARACTER parameter. The default is a period (.). Restriction: You can specify only one decimal character in a number format model.
EEEE	9.9EEEE	Returns a value using scientific notation.
G	9G999	Returns in the specified position the group separator (the current value of the NLS_NUMERIC_CHARACTER parameter). You can specify multiple group separators in a number format model. Restriction: A group separator cannot appear to the right of a decimal character or period in a number format model.
L	L999	Returns in the specified position the local currency symbol (the current value of the NLS_CURRENCY parameter).
MI	9999MI	Returns negative value with a trailing minus sign (-). Returns positive value with a trailing blank. Restriction: The MI format element can appear only in the last position of a number format model.
PR	9999PR	Returns negative value in <angle brackets>. Returns positive value with a leading and trailing blank. Restriction: The PR format element can appear only in the last position of a number format model.
RN	RN	Returns a value as Roman numerals in uppercase.
rn	rn	Returns a value as Roman numerals in lowercase. Value can be an integer between 1 and 3999.

Table 7-1 (Cont.) Number Format Elements

Element	Example	Description
S	S9999 9999S	Returns negative value with a leading minus sign (-). Returns positive value with a leading plus sign (+). Returns negative value with a trailing minus sign (-). Returns positive value with a trailing plus sign (+). Restriction: The S format element can appear only in the first or last position of a number format model.
TM	TM	The text minimum number format model returns (in decimal output) the smallest number of characters possible. This element is case insensitive. The default is TM9, which returns the number in fixed notation unless the output exceeds 64 characters. If the output exceeds 64 characters, then Oracle Database automatically returns the number in scientific notation. Restrictions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ You cannot precede this element with any other element. ■ You can follow this element only with one 9 or one E (or e), but not with any combination of these. The following statement returns an error: ■ <code>SELECT TO_CHAR(1234, 'TM9e') FROM DUAL;</code>
U	U9999	Returns in the specified position the Euro (or other) dual currency symbol (the current value of the NLS_DUAL_CURRENCY parameter).
V	999V99	Returns a value multiplied by 10^n (and if necessary, round it up), where n is the number of 9's after the V.
X	XXXX XXXX	Returns the hexadecimal value of the specified number of digits. If the specified number is not an integer, then Oracle Database rounds it to an integer. Restrictions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ This element accepts only positive values or 0. Negative values return an error. ■ You can precede this element only with 0 (which returns leading zeroes) or FM. Any other elements return an error. If you specify neither 0 nor FM with X, then the return always has 1 leading blank.

See Also: Number Format Models in *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference*

Datetime Format Models

You can use datetime format models:

- In the TO_CHAR, TO_DATE, TO_TIMESTAMP, TO_TIMESTAMP_TZ, TO_YMINTERVAL, and TO_DSINTERVAL datetime functions to translate a character string that is in a format other than the default datetime format into a DATETIME value
- In the TO_CHAR function to translate a DATETIME value that is in a format other than the default datetime format into a character string

Datetime Format Elements

A datetime format model is composed of one or more datetime format elements. The following table lists the elements of a date format model.

Table 7-2 Datetime Format Elements

Element	TO_* datetime functions?	TO_CHAR function?	Description
-	Yes		Punctuation and quoted text is reproduced in the result.
/			
,			
.			
;			
:			
"text"			
AD	Yes		AD indicator with or without periods.
A.D.			
AM	Yes		Meridian indicator with or without periods.
A.M.			
BC	Yes		BC indicator with or without periods.
B.C.			
CC		Yes	Century.
SCC			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ If the last 2 digits of a 4-digit year are between 01 and 99 (inclusive), then the century is one greater than the first 2 digits of that year. ▪ If the last 2 digits of a 4-digit year are 00, then the century is the same as the first 2 digits of that year. <p>For example, 2002 returns 21; 2000 returns 20.</p>
D	Yes		Day of week (1-7).
DAY	Yes		Name of day, padded with blanks to display width of the widest name of day in the date language used for this element.
DD	Yes		Day of month (1-31).
DDD	Yes		Day of year (1-366).
DL	Yes		Returns a value in the long date format, which is an extension of Oracle Database's DATE format (the current value of the NLS_DATE_FORMAT parameter). Makes the appearance of the date components (day name, month number, and so forth) depend on the NLS_TERRITORY and NLS_LANGUAGE parameters. For example, in the AMERICAN_AMERICA locale, this is equivalent to specifying the format 'fmDay, Month dd, yyyy'. In the GERMAN_GERMANY locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format 'fmDay, dd. Month yyyy'.
			Restriction: You can specify this format only with the TS element, separated by white space.
DS	Yes		Returns a value in the short date format. Makes the appearance of the date components (day name, month number, and so forth) depend on the NLS_TERRITORY and NLS_LANGUAGE parameters. For example, in the AMERICAN_AMERICA locale, this is equivalent to specifying the format 'MM/DD/YYYY'. In the ENGLISH_UNITED_KINGDOM locale, it is equivalent to specifying the format 'DD/MM/YYYY'.
			Restriction: You can specify this format only with the TS element, separated by white space.
DY	Yes		Abbreviated name of day.
E	Yes		Abbreviated era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Buddha calendars).

Table 7–2 (Cont.) Datetime Format Elements

Element	TO_* datetime functions?	TO_CHAR function?	Description
EE	Yes		Full era name (Japanese Imperial, ROC Official, and Thai Buddha calendars).
FF [1..9]	Yes		Fractional seconds; no radix character is printed (use the X format element to add the radix character). Use the numbers 1 to 9 after FF to specify the number of digits in the fractional second portion of the datetime value returned. If you do not specify a digit, then Oracle Database uses the precision specified for the datetime datatype or the datatype's default precision.
			Examples: 'HH:MI:SS.FF' <pre>SELECT TO_CHAR(SYSTIMESTAMP, 'SS.FF3') from dual;</pre>
FM	Yes		Returns a value with no leading or trailing blanks. See Also: Additional discussion on this format model modifier in the <i>Oracle Database SQL Language Reference</i>
FX	Yes		Requires exact matching between the character data and the format model. See Also: Additional discussion on this format model modifier in the <i>Oracle Database SQL Language Reference</i>
HH	Yes		Hour of day (1-12).
HH12			
HH24	Yes		Hour of day (0-23).
IW		Yes	Week of year (1-52 or 1-53) based on the ISO standard.
IYY		Yes	Last 3, 2, or 1 digit(s) of ISO year.
IY			
I			
IYYY		Yes	4-digit year based on the ISO standard.
J	Yes		Julian day; the number of days since January 1, 4712 BC. Number specified with J must be integers.
MI	Yes		Minute (0-59).
MM	Yes		Month (01-12; January = 01).
MON	Yes		Abbreviated name of month.
MONTH	Yes		Name of month, padded with blanks to display width of the widest name of month in the date language used for this element.
PM	Yes		Meridian indicator with or without periods.
P.M.			
Q		Yes	Quarter of year (1, 2, 3, 4; January - March = 1).
RM	Yes		Roman numeral month (I-XII; January = I).
RR	Yes		Lets you store 20th century dates in the 21st century using only two digits. See Also: Additional discussion on RR datetime format element in the <i>Oracle Database SQL Language Reference</i>
RRRR	Yes		Round year. Accepts either 4-digit or 2-digit input. If 2-digit, provides the same return as RR. If you do not want this functionality, then enter the 4-digit year.
SS	Yes		Second (0-59).

Table 7–2 (Cont.) Datetime Format Elements

Element	TO_* datetime functions?	TO_CHAR function?	Description
SSSS	Yes		Seconds past midnight (0-86399).
TS	Yes		Returns a value in the short time format. Makes the appearance of the time components (hour, minutes, and so forth) depend on the NLS_TERRITORY and NLS_LANGUAGE initialization parameters. Restriction: You can specify this format only with the DL or DS element, separated by white space.
TZD	Yes		Daylight savings information. The TZD value is an abbreviated time zone string with daylight savings information. It must correspond with the region specified in TZR. Example: PST (for US/Pacific standard time); PDT (for US/Pacific daylight time).
TZH	Yes		Time zone hour. (See TZM format element.) Example: 'HH:MI:SS.FFTZH:TZM'.
TZM	Yes		Time zone minute. (See TZH format element.) Example: 'HH:MI:SS.FFTZH:TZM'.
TZR	Yes		Time zone region information. The value must be one of the time zone regions supported in the database. Example: US/Pacific
WW		Yes	Week of year (1-53) where week 1 starts on the first day of the year and continues to the seventh day of the year.
W		Yes	Week of month (1-5) where week 1 starts on the first day of the month and ends on the seventh.
X	Yes		Local radix character. Example: 'HH:MI:SSXFF'.
Y, YY	Yes		Year with comma in this position.
YEAR SYEAR		Yes	Year, spelled out; S prefixes BC dates with a minus sign (-).
YYYY SYYYY	Yes		4-digit year; S prefixes BC dates with a minus sign.
YY Y	Yes		Last 3, 2, or 1 digit(s) of year.

See Also: Datetime Format Models in *Oracle Database SQL Language Reference*

A

SQL*Plus Commands

This appendix presents many of the SQL*Plus commands.

This appendix includes the following section:

- [SQL*Plus Commands](#)

SQL*Plus Commands

SQL*Plus is a command-line tool that provides access to the Oracle RDBMS. SQL*Plus enables you to:

- Enter SQL*Plus commands to configure the SQL*Plus environment
- Startup and shutdown an Oracle database
- Connect to an Oracle database
- Enter and execute SQL commands and PL/SQL blocks
- Format and print query results

SQL*Plus is available on several platforms. In addition, it has a web-based user interface, *i*SQL*Plus.

The commands shown in [Table A-1](#) are SQL*Plus commands available in the command-line interface. Not all commands or command parameters are shown.

See Also:

- [SQL*Plus Quick Reference](#)
- [SQL*Plus User's Guide and Reference](#)

Table A-1 Basic SQL*Plus Commands

Database Operation	SQL*Plus Command
Log in to SQL*Plus	SQLPLUS [{ <i>username[/password]</i> [@ <i>connect_identifier</i>] / } [AS { SYSDBA SYSOPER }] /NOLOG]
List help topics available in SQL*Plus	HELP [INDEX <i>topic</i>]
Execute host commands	HOST [<i>command</i>]
Show SQL*Plus system variables or environment settings	SHOW { ALL ERRORS USER <i>system_variable</i> [, <i>system_variable</i>] ... }

Table A-1 (Cont.) Basic SQL*Plus Commands

Database Operation	SQL*Plus Command
Alter SQL*Plus system variables or environment settings	SET <i>system_variable value</i>
Start up a database	STARTUP [PFILE = <i>filename</i>] [MOUNT [<i>dbname</i>] NOMOUNT]
Connect to a database	CONNECT [{ <i>username</i> [/ <i>password</i>] [@ <i>connect_identifier</i>] /} AS {SYOSPER SYSDBA} { <i>proxy_user</i> [<i>username</i>] [/ <i>password</i>] [@ <i>connect_identifier</i>] }]
	Note: Brackets in boldface are part of the syntax and do not imply optionality.
List column definitions for a table, view, or synonym, or specifications for a function or procedure	DESCRIBE [<i>schema.</i>] <i>object</i>
Edit contents of the SQL buffer or a file	EDIT [<i>filename</i> [. <i>ext</i>]]
Get a file and load its contents into the SQL buffer	GET <i>filename</i> [. <i>ext</i>] [LIST NOLLIST]
Save contents of the SQL buffer to a file	SAVE <i>filename</i> [. <i>ext</i>] [CREATE REPLACE APPEND]
List contents of the SQL buffer	LIST [<i>n</i> <i>n m</i> <i>n LAST</i>]
Delete contents of the SQL buffer	DEL [<i>n</i> <i>n m</i> <i>n LAST</i>]
Add new lines following current line in the SQL buffer	INPUT [<i>text</i>]
Append text to end of current line in the SQL buffer	APPEND <i>text</i>
Find and replace first occurrence of a text string in current line of the SQL buffer	CHANGE <i>sepchar old</i> [<i>sepchar new</i> [<i>sepchar</i>]] <i>sepchar</i> can be any nonalphanumeric ASCII character such as "/" or "!"
Capture query results in a file and, optionally, send contents of file to default printer	SPOOL [<i>filename</i> [. <i>ext</i>]] [CREATE REPLACE APPEND OFF OUT]
Run SQL*Plus statements stored in a file	@ { <i>url</i> <i>filename</i> [. <i>ext</i>] } [<i>arg ...</i>] START { <i>url</i> <i>filename</i> [. <i>ext</i>] } [<i>arg ...</i>] <i>ext</i> can be omitted if the filename extension is .sql
Execute commands stored in the SQL buffer	/
List and execute commands stored in the SQL buffer	RUN

Table A–1 (Cont.) Basic SQL*Plus Commands

Database Operation	SQL*Plus Command
Execute a single PL/SQL statement or run a stored procedure	EXECUTE <i>statement</i>
Disconnect from a database	DISCONNECT
Shut down a database	SHUTDOWN [ABORT IMMEDIATE NORMAL]
Log out of SQL*Plus	{ EXIT QUIT } [SUCCESS FAILURE WARNING] [COMMIT ROLLBACK]

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